The Standard AND RIVER PLATE NEWS.

No 2,933—Eleventh Year | BUENOS AYRES SATURDAY FEBRUARY. 24, 1872 | Circulation, 3000.

MAUA BANK,

101—103 CALLE CANGALLO

The Offices of this Bank having been removed to the above spacious building, in order to suit the increasing flow of business, the public is informed that the following transactions are carried on in currency and specie in this Bank:—

First—Bills and obligations with good signatures are discounted on conventional terms.

Second—Money is advanced on mercantile and other securities approved of by the Manager.

Third—Accounts current are opened with Merchants or other parties who may prefer depositing endorsed and transferable securities, against which they may draw up to an amount previously convened under conditions established for such class of operations.

Fourth—Money is received in account current bearing interest from day of deposit, which is accumulated in favor of the parties every three months, the depositors being allowed to retire at any time, by means of cheques, part or the full amount at their wish, save when the quantity exceeds three hundred doubloons or one hundred thousand dollars currency in which case forty-eight hours' previous notice is required to begiven to the Treasury of the Bank.

Fifth—Bills or letters of credit are drawn and taken on Montevideo, Rosario, Sta Fé, Salto Oriental, Paysandu, RioJaneiro, and other places in the Brazils, England and France, as also on other places, of which notice will be given hereafter.

Finally, the Bank undertakes and executes all legitimate transactions within the orbit of banking operations.

The establishment is always open from 10 a.m till 3 p.m.

P. P. Maua & Co.
M. A. de FREITAS AMORIM.

January 1st, 1868.

MAUA BANK

101-103 CALLE CANGALLO

INTEREST FOR CURRENT MONTH.

ON ACCOUNT CURRENT, SPECIE.

For balances in our favor,	.. 12	per cent.
For balances in favor of Customers	6	"

IN ACCOUNT CURRENT, PAPER MONEY

For balances in our favor ..	.. 12	per cent.
For balances in favor of Customers	6	"
Deposits on 15 days' notice, paper		"
Do. do. do. gold		"
Do. 30 days' do. paper		
Do. do. do. gold		
Fixed deposits from		

P. P. Maua & Co.,
M. A. de FREITAS AMORIM.

Jan. 1, 1872.

ROYAL MAIL STEAMPACKET COMPANY.

DIRECT AND QUICKEST ROUTE TO EUROPE.

The Royal Mail Steampacket
"NEVA,"
2999 Tons, 600 Horse Power,
Captain BAX,

Will leave this Port for Southampton, on the 16th MARCH 1872, at four p.m., carrying Her Majesty's Mails, &c., and calling at Montevideo, Rio de Janeiro, Bahia, Pernambuco, St Vincent, and Lisbon.

PASSENGER FARES:

First-class to Southampton	£35	and upward	
Ditto Lisbon	32	Ditto	
St. Vincent	£180	fts	
Pernambuco	120	"	
Bahia	110	"	
Rio de Janeiro	70	"	
Montevideo	8	"	

SECOND-CLASS PASSENGERS.

These will be conveyed to Lisbon and Southampton at £20 sterling, and to Montevideo at £5.4.

THIRD CLASS-PASSENGERS.

These will be conveyed to Lisbon at £12, and Southampton at the rate of £15 sterling.

RETURN TICKETS.

To and from Southampton or Lisbon, available or twelve months; and St. Vincent or Brazil, available for six months, are granted to First-class Passengers, with a deduction of 25 per cent. on Passage Money.

FAMILIES.

A deduction of one-sixth is made in their favor, when paying the higher rates to Lisbon or Southampton, and when the Passage Money charged in full, is equal to the amount of four adult cabin passengers.

CHILDREN,

From Three, and under Eight, to pay ¼th.
" Eight " Twelve " ½
For those under three years of age one will be carried free, and any other at the rate of three years.

SERVANTS,

Accompanying their employers to pay two birds of the lowest rates established for adult saloon passengers.

FREIGHT.

SPECIE to Brazil, Lisbon and Southampton..... ½ per cen.
" Havre and Paris.. 1 5-16 "
" Montevideo,..... ¼ "
PARCELS, not over one cub. foot 7s. 6d
Above one " two " 11s. 6d
" two " three " 15s. 0d
" three " furteen " 5s. per foot
CARGO, as per mutual agreement.
INSURANCE on Freight can be effected if desired.

Passengers are requested to be on board before four on the above-named day, as the Steamer will leave precisely at that hour.

For further particulars please apply to
CHARLES WM. BENN and CO.,
Agents,
No. 49 Calle 25 de Mayo.

Guinness's
CELEBRATED
Extra Stout.

IN QUARTS AND PINTS.

Bottled in Dublin, and guaranteed by SPECIAL LABEL from the Brewery.

On Sale at
WILLIAM BARRY & CO.,
161—Calle Potosi—161
171—xp,n17

MACLEAN & CO,

SHIPBROKERS
And
GENERAL CUSTOM-HOUSE
AGENTS,
4—CALLE RECONQUISTA—4
BUENOS AYRES.

THE FAMILY GROCERY STORE,

60—CALLE SAN MARTIN—60

(Opposite the Provincial Bank.)

The great er part of our Stock is renewed semi-onthly by importations, direct per Steamer pecilly forthis Establishment.

Every Article warranted.

xp 6pt.

FLOWERS.

FOR SALE, in Calle Chacabuco 78, a lot of choice Flowers, received by last packet from France.

CAMELIAS,
Hyacints, Renoncalas, Marigolds, Lillies white and variegated.

SEEDS
Flower and Vegetable.

78——CHACABUCO——78

86 1m j10

IMPROVED PIANOS.

Constructed especially for this climate, guaranteed to be of the finest tone, and finished in the most elegant style.

157—CALLE FLORIDA—157

451 xp j12

WANTED—A Nursemaid to look after a child, do a little washing and make herself useful in the house. Apply E. Standard office. 1..141 7p 20

TO BUY—SELL—MORTGAGE—RENT—TO BORROW—LEND.

Apply to:
T. Donnelly,
213½ Calle Piedad 213½,
Buenos Ayres.

FROM 10 TILL 2 O'CLOCK.

1..163 1m f21

London and River Plate Bank,

(LIMITED.)

London, Buenos Ayres, Montevideo, Rosario, and Cordoba.

Authorised Capital.....	£2,000,000 Sterling
Subscribed Capital.....	1,500,000 "
Reserved Fund	155,000

Offices in Buenos Ayres—
CORNER OF CALLE PIEDAD AND RECONQUISTA.

Current Accounts opened with Commercial Firms and private individuals.

Customers have the advantage of having approved Bills discounted—of obtaining Loans upon Negociable Securities, of Depositing Bills Coupons, &c., for Collection—and of lodging Valuable Property in the Treasury of the Bank for custody.

The Bank receives deposits either at sight, for fixed periods, or at seven or thirty days' notice of withdrawal, Interest on which is regulated by the market value of money, the Bank notifying any change in their Rates, by Advertisement in the principal daily papers.

Letters of Credit issued to parties travellin abroad.

Letters of Credit issued to parties for the purpose of purchasing Goods in Europe, the United States, &c., the terms of which can be ascertained on application to the Bank.

Parties wishing to bring out funds to the River Plate, can do so through the medium of the Bank's chief office,

No. 40 MOORGATE-STREET, LONDON, E.C.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE

Issued and Purchased on the following places:—

Montevideo,	Antwerp,
Rosario de Santa Fé,	Amsterdam,
Cordoba,	Hamburg,
Valparaiso,	New York.
London,	Rio de Janeiro,
Liverpool,	Genoa.

All the principal Towns of

SCOTLAND and	IRELAND.
Paris,	Madrid,
Bordeaux,	Barcelona,
Marseilles,	Vigo,
Bayonne,	Corunna,
	Santander.

G. E. MASCHWITZ—J. E. NAYLOR,
MANAGERS.

London and River Plate Bank

(LIMITED)
CALLE DE LA PIEDAD.
(Corner of Calle de la Reconquista.)

The rates of interest allowed and charged by the Bank will be as follows, till further notice:

ALLOWED.

On deposits in both currencies in account current,	3 per cent.
On do., subject to seven days' notice of withdrawal	3½ "
On do. do. for 90 days fixed,	5 "
On do. do. subject to 30 days notice of withdrawal,	5 "

CHARGED.

For Discounts conventional according to circumstances.

On debit balances in account current in both currencies, 10½ percent

G. E. MASCHWITZ—J. E. NAYLOR.
Buenos Ayres, Aug. 16, 1871.

TONICO PARA EL PELO.

Jayne's Hair Tonic
Cleanses the Scalp from Scurf.
Jayne's Hair Tonic
Removes all Dandruff from the Hair.
Jayne's Hair Tonic
Cures Eruptive Diseases of the Scalp.
Jayne's Hair Tonic
Excites the Scalp to healty action.
Jayne's Hair Tonic
Prevents the Hair from falling off.
Jayne's Hair Tonic
Prevents Premature Greyness.
Jayne's Hair Tonic
Prevents the formation of Bald Spots.
Jayne's Hair Tonic
Causes the Growth of new Hair.
Jayne's Hair Tonic
Reclothes Bald Heads with new Hair.
Jayne's Hair Tonic
Cleanses the Hair from all Impurities.
Jayne's Hair Tonic
Will render the use of a Wig unnecessary.
Jayne's Hair Tonic
Will reproduce Hair lost in sickness.
Jayne's Hair Tonic
Keeps the Hair moist and the ends from splitting
Jayne's Hair Tonic
As a beautifier of the Hair unsurpassed.
Jayne's Hair Tonic
Gives the Hair a rich and glossy appearance.
Jayne's Hair Tonic
Will promotee the growth of Whiskers.
Jayne's Hair Tonic
Will quicken the development of moustaches.
Jayne's Hair Tonic
As a dressing for the Hair is unexcelled.
Jayne's Hair Tonic
Is delightfully Perfumed.
Jayne's Hair Tonic
Should be on the Toilet Table of every Lady and Gentleman.
JAYNE'S HAIR TONIC
Will please the most fastidious, and its continued use will keep the hair and scalp in a clean and healthy condition.

Sole Agents,
JOHN EASTMAN and SON,
9 and 11—Calle Defensa—9 and 11

GERMAN KLEINAU.

[Late of the German Cavalry.]

VETERINARY SURGEON,
137—BELGRANO—137
Infirmary at moderate, charges.

Apply to Messrs. Tewes de Barry and Co, Barracas, or Messrs. L. L. Jones and Co. Chemists, 60 Florida.

126 xp s12

PHOTOGRAPHY

LANDSCAPE, ARCHITECTURAL, GROUPS, ANIMALS, &c., &c., &c.

All sorts of out-door work undertaken in the suburbs of Buenos Ayres, by Robert Grieve, 12 Calle Ferro-Carril, Flores.

Gentlemen desirous of having views of their quintas, &c. have now an opportunity of securing good work, with promptitude, and at moderate prices.

For specimens, terms, etc. apply at Mr. Samuel Boote's Photographic warehouse, 86 Piedad, where orders will be received.

r | 281 1m jy24

AVISO AL COMERCIO.

Prevenimos á los Consignatarios de Carga por los Vapores

ZENA y LAPLACE

que á consecuencia de la cuarentena de 15 dias decretada por el superior Gobierno, se procederá á depositar dicha carga en pontones y Lanchas cobrando un doble Lanchage segun espresa la segun espresa la clausula en los conocimientos.

Buenos Aires, Febrero 14, 1872.

ENRIQUE A. GREEN y CA.,
Agentes.

h | 108 10p f15

PROVINCIAL BANK OF BUENOS AYRES.

BUSINESS HOURS FROM 10 A.M. TO 4 P.M.

Deposits of not less than $100 m/c. and $0.16 received. These deposits will not be entitled to interest if retired before the expiration of sixty days from the date of such deposit; after sixty days they will be entitled to interest from the date of the deposit. All interests not collected shall at the end of each year be capitalized. All deposits at interest shall be entered in a book which the Bank will deliver to the depositors, in which all payments of interest and capital shall be entered, and all interest shall be payable after the first of the month or on retiring the deposit.

The Bank discounts bills with two signatures having from seven to ninety days to run; it also discounts mercantile bills of from seven days to six months, on the condition that at maturity they are paid in full.

The Bank draws at sight upon the following branches:—

DOLORES,	CHIVILCOY,
SAN NICOLAS,	MERCEDES,
LOBOS.	BARADERO,
SALTO.	AZUL.

The Bank pays commission to Brokers on the first discounting of bills and promissory notes.

LOANS TO THE WORKING CLASSES.

The Bank lends to artizans and operatives sums from THREE to TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS on their own signature, taking as security a document with any well-known signature

CREDITS IN ACCOUNT CURRENT.

1st. The Bank opens accounts current for commercial houses.

RATES OF INTEREST.

ALLOWS—

private depositors,	5	per cent. per annum m/c.	
Do., do.,	5	do., do.,	specie.

To private depositors,

in account current,	2	per cent. per annum	do.
Do., do.,	2	do., do.,	cur.

CHARGES—

Discounts in currency,	7	per cent. per annum.	
Do. specie,	7	do., do.,	

E. V. ZAMUDIO,
SECRETARY.

Buenos Ayres, March 28, 1867.

NOTICE.—Whereas, it having come under my notice that some foolish or evil-disposed parties have deformed the new notes, by cutting or otherwise obliterating the effigy, and thereby rendering falsification more easy, the Public are hereby warned not to accept such Bills, as the Bank will not receive them.

E. V. ZAMUDIO,
SECRETARY

Buenos Ayres, Oct. 9, 1867. 183 | xp,m29

CAJA DE CREDIT.

21 CALLE PIEDRAS.

Office Hours—Ten a.m. to Five p.m.

Allowed on Deposits in Account Current:—

Interest paid at the end of each month.

Gold or Paper,	6	per cent. per annum.	
Do.,	30 days	7	do., do.
Do.,	6 months.	8	do., do.
Do.,	12 months	9	do., do.

Money advanced on Hypothetical or Collateral Securities, Transfers, Stocks, &c., on conventional terms, according to the money market.

The Directors reserve the power of refusing objectionable moneys.

P. DE MONTRAVEL, Manager.

Buenos Ayres, August 1, 1869.

PACIFIC STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

LIVERPOOL AND VALPARAISO LINE.

EXTENSION TO CALAO.

Liverpool to Rio de Janeiro in..	21 days
Liverpool to Montevideo	26 "
Liverpool to Valparaiso.....	33 "

The Company's Steamers are appointed to sail from Montevideo for Liverpool and intermediate ports,

On the 12th and 27th of every MONTH,

And for Valparaiso on the 8th and 25th of every MONTH,

[With some slight deviations, of which due Notice will be given], carrying Mails, under Contract with her Britannic Majesty's Postmaster-General.

The Ports of Call are, sailing from Liverpool—

BORDEAUX,
SANTANDER,
LISBON,
RIO DE JANEYRO,
MONTEVIDEO,
SANDY POINT,
VALPARAISO,
ARICA,
ISLAY,
CALLAO.

SAILINGS FOR LIVERPOOL, &c

The Royal Mail Steamship
PATAGONIA,
3,000 Tons, and 650 Horse Power,
A. GORDON, Commander,

Is expected at Montevideo, from Valparaiso, on the 11th to sail on the 12th of February for Liverpool and intermediate ports.

The Royal Mail Steamship
CORDILLERA,
3,000 Tons, and 600 Horse Power,
J. N. HALL, Commander,

Is expected at Montevideo, from Valparaiso, on the 26th, to sail on the 27th of February, for Liverpool and intermediate ports.

SAILINGS FOR WEST COAST:

The Royal Mail Steamship
CUZCO,
" 3,500 Tons, 650 Horse Power.
Commander,

Is expected at Montevideo, from Liverpool, on the 8th of February, and will sail shortly after arrival for Callao and intermediate ports.

The Royal Mail Steamship
GALATEA,

Is expected at Montevideo, from Liverpool, on the 29th February, and will sail a few hours after arrival for Callao and intermediate ports.

Table Wine is supplied by the Company to 1st, 2d, and 3d class passengers.

None of the above Steamers will leave this Port before seven hours after their arrival.

Return Tickets (not transferable) available for Twelve Calendar months, from date of issue, are issued to First-class Passengers and their servants accompanying them, at a reduction of 25 per cent. on total passage money.

Outside Berths, £5 extra.

For further particulars apply to the Agents
YARROW, HETT, and CO.,
Calles Perez Castellanos, No. 98,
MONTEVIDEO.

PEYREDIEU Y BRADLEY
Consignatorios de Frutos del Pais,
Wool Brokers.
Office:
146—CALLE CHILE—146
91—xp,jly 28

JOHN AND HENRY SPRAGGON
Wool Brokers,
52—CALLE PIEDRAS—52
Buenos Ayres.

GERMAN BURMEISTER,
Consignatario de Frutos del Pais,
Wool and Produce Broker,
106—CALLE VENEZUELA—106.

WANKLYN & CO.,

108—CALLE SAN MARTIN—108

From 1st of July until further Notice, the rates of interest allowed and charged will be as follows:—

In account in our favor	.. ..	12	per cent
" against us	.. ..	6	"
30 days fixed	.. ..	6	"
60 "	.. ..	7	"
90 "	.. ..	7	"
30 days' notice	.. ..	7	"

BILLS DISCOUNTED at conventional rates.

BILLS of EXCHANGE purchased at current rates, and

BILLS of EXCHANGE issued on—

The NATIONAL BANK, London, and all its BRANCHES in IRELAND.

The BRITISH LINEN COMPANY BANK, Edinburgh, and all its BRANCHES in SCOTLAND; or payable in LONDON.

LUMB, WANKLYN, & CO., our London Agents.

MALLET, FRERES, & CIE., PARIS.
GRANET, BROWN, & CIE., GENOA.
VIDAL & QUADRAS, HNOS, BARCELONA
MANUEL BARCENA & HNO., VIGO.
TOMAS DE LA CALZADA, SEVILLE.
AUGUSTO JOSE DE VILA, CORUNNA.
WANKLYN & CO., MONTEVIDEO.
E. F. DAVISON & CO., NEW YORK.
LOUIS LEMMÉ & CO., ANTWERP.

WANKLYN AND CO.,

Are authorised to issue the CIRCULAR NOTES of the NATIONAL BANK, London, which are payable on presentation in all the principal Towns of Europe and America. Travellers will find that these Notes form the most eligible mode of carrying money.

LETTERS of CREDIT are issued by WANKLYN & CO., on their London Agents, which are payable in LONDON, PARIS, GENOA, NEW YORK, or by any of the above-mentioned Banks and Firms.

COMMISSION is charged only on amount used.

LETTERS of CREDIT in EUROPE can be obtained by persons desiring to remit or bring money to this country, and which are payable here at the current rate of Exchange (without any charge.)

These Credits can be obtained on plication from

The NATIONAL BANK, LONDON, and all its BRANCHES in IRELAND.

The BRITISH LINEN COMPANY BANK, EDINBURGH, and all its Branches in Scotland.

LUMB, WANKLYN, and CO., LONDON

MALLET, FRERES, & CIE., PARIS.

The names of the Branches of the National Bank and the British Linen Company Bank, may be seen at the Office of

WANKLYN AND CO.

Buenos Ayres, January 19, 1872.

251.xp.a1

TO ENGLISH TRAVELLERS.

Englishmen, and others visiting Buenos Ayres, will find every home comfort at the Hotel de la Paix, which is the largest and best in this city.

Charge are most Moderate.
Wines Superb.
Table d'Hote on Europe
Board, with Room, Gas-lights, and Attendance
HOTEL DE LA PAZ,
Corner of Cangallo and Reconquista.

JOHN FORREST and CO.,
CUSTOM-HOUSE, CAMP,
AND
GENERAL COMMISSION AGENTS,
44—CALLE 25 DE MAYO—44
And
86 CALLE DEL PUERIO,
Rosario.

JOHN WALKER
Wholesale and Retail Grocer,
97——CALLE DEFENSA——97
(Corner of Moreno.)

GUINNESS'S CELEBRATED STOUT,
PALE ALES, &c.
97——CALLE DEFENSA——97
ALL PARTIES
Indebted to the late Firm of Barry and Walker, are requested to call and settle their espective accounts without further delay.
JOHN WALKER,
97——Calle Defensa——97.

146 xp jy13

MIXTURA PARA TERCIANAS
DE JAYNE,
A CERTAIN AND EFFECTUAL REMEDY
For Fever and Ague, Intermittent and Remittent Fevers, &c.

This class of diseases, so common in all parts of the world, and especially prevalent in malarious districts and vicinage of water courses are almost invariably accompanied by more or less derangement of the liver, and frequently by a defective action of the digestive organs.

The mere breaking of the Chill is but a step towards completing a radical cure. The various organs of the body, especially the stomach and liver, must be brought to a healthy and vigorous condition before a permanent cure can be established, and this fact has been specially kept in view by Dr. Jayne in his treatment of these complaints. The use of Jayne's Ague Mixture, in conjunction with the Sanative Pills, as prescribed in the directions which accompany each bottle, will not only

Break up the Chills,

But restore the system more particularly the liver and stomach, to a sound condition, and so prevent a relapse of Fever and Ague, by thoroughly

Eradicating the Disease,

And the best evidence of this is the invariable success which has always followed the administration of these remedies, as attested by the certificates published annually in Dr. Jayne's Almanac, and the wide-spread popularity of the Ague Mixture in those districts of the United States, where the diseases, for which it is adapted, most prevail.

All Dr. D. Jayne's Family Medicines are prepared only at 242 Chestnut-street, Philadelphia, and are sold by Druggists everywhere.

Sole Agents,
JOHN EASTMAN and SON,
9 and 11 Calle Defensa,
BUENOS AYRES.

CASH

ADVANCED ON GOODS OR VALUABLES.

197—CALLE PARQUE—197

62 3m fy8

EL MEJOR
DE
TODOS LOS COGNACS
ES EL DE
Otard, Dupuis y Cia.

Unicos Agentes,
BARRAN y BBIET,
143—Peru—143

x39 p f6

ARGENTINE BANK.

31, 33, and 35 San Martin.

BANKING HOURS FROM 10 A.M. TO 4 P.M.

PRESIDENT:
BERNARDO YRIGOYEN.
DIRECTOR-GENERAL:
D. ANARCARSIS LANUS.

The rate of interest until further notice will be—

ALLOWS.

On account current,	5	per cent.	per annum
Sixty days' notice	5½	"	"
Ninety days' notice,	6	"	"
120 days' and upwards	7	"	"

CHARGES

On specie and currency	10½	"	"

Money advanced on current account.
Bills and pagares discounted on conventiona terms.

SAVINGS' BANK

Open from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m..			
On specie and currency	6	per cent.	per annum.

MARCO DEL PONT.
Manager.

Buenos Ayres, July 1 1871 xp,5m

Carabassa's Bank.

127—CALLE CANGALLO—127

From this date the rate of Interest will be as follows:—

ALLOWS

In Account Current.....	5	per cent.	per an.
On a fixed term 30 days..	5½	"	"
" " 60	6	"	"
" " 90	7	"	"

CHARGES

For Balances in Account Current, 12 per cent, per annum.

Bills and Pagarés discounted at conventional rates.

Bank hours from Ten a.m. to Four p.m., and on Saturdays to Five p.m.

Bills drawn and taken on London, Paris, and Bordeaux.

Buenos Ayres, January 19, 1872.
JOSE CARABASS.

THE BIENHECHORA DEL PLATA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

SPLENDID INVESTMENT
FOR THE
CAPITALISATION OF SMALL INCOMES, PENSIONS, RENTS, &c.

GOVERNMENT DELEGATE:
Sr. Don José Maria Cantilo.
COMMITTEE.
Señor Don Victor Martinez.
" " Eduardo T. Mulhall.
" " Francisco Alcobenaas.
" " Julio Sanchez.
" " Dr. Vasivilasso.
DIRECTOR-GENERAL:
Don Francisco F. Morenc
OFFICE:
112½ CALLE FLORIDA (Upstairs).

POSITION OF THE COMPANY, FEBRUARY 1st, 1870.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL:
Hard Dollars, 3.014.940:64.

No. of Policies,.. 2,896 | Securities, $f1.315.157:02

It being an admitted fact, that "Money makes money," the object of LA BIENHECHORA could not be better, since it opens a vast Savings Bank for the surplus or savings of the Public so that, by the proper employment of these small gains, a moderate capital, or even annuity, may be secured in a short time. By this means a provident, though helpless, family can husband the small means, and, in the end, attain a competency.

It being proved that the accumulation of interest is the most powerful means of augmenting the capital, THE BIENHECHORA DEL PLATA—an Argentine Company, whose only investments are in the country—holds out to Subscribers greater advantages than any other Institution, by reason of all its dealings being in the River Plate, where are current as large interests as in any part of the world.

THE BIENHECHORA DEL PLATA receives Deposits of from Five Patacones per Annum up to any amount in Weekly, Monthly, or Yearly Instalments.

Subscribers enrolled and all necessary information given at the Head Offices of the Company 112½ (altos) Calle Florida, Buenos Ayres

LIVERPOOL, BRAZIL, AND RIVER PLATE MAIL STEAMERS.

The Steamship
ZENA,
1082 Tons,
PRIEST, Commander,
Will be despatched for
HAVRE,
on
SATURDAY, 24th FEBRUARY.

The Steamship
LAPLACE,
1194 Tons,
HUDSON, Commander,
Will be despatched from
ROSARIO,
FOR
ANTWERP
And
LIVERPOOL,
Leaving San Nicolas on the 24th instn; and THIS PORT
On the 1st MARCH,
Landing Passengers at Southampton.

The Steamship
RYDAL HALL,
2020 Tons,
COLLIN, Commander,
Will be despatched for
ANTWERP,
Via Montevideo and Bahia,
Landing passengers, &c., at Southampton,
On FRIDAY, 1st MARCH,

The Steamship
CAMOENS,
1050 Tons,
HAYES, Commander,
Will be despatched for
Montevideo. Rio Grande, Sta. Catalina, Paranaguà, and Rio Janeiro,
On FRIDAY, 1st MARCH.

The Steamship
OLBERS,
2169 Tons,
PEEL Commander.
Will be the Homeword Mail Steamer,
On SATURDAY, 9th MARCH.

Cargo will be received on board until noon on the day of sailing. Parcels and specie (freight on latter ½ per cent.) at the Agent's Office on same day.

These steamers have excellent accommodation for Passengers, and carry Surgeons and Stewardesses.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

Liverpool, first-class.....	£35	ster.
Antwerp or Havre.....	35	"
Rio Janeiro, first-class.....	f. 50	"
Liverpool, 3d.....	£15	"
Antwerp or Havre	17	10 "
Rio Janeiro.....	f. 25	"

First-class Return Tickets to Liverpool, with a deduction of 25 per cent, issued, available for Twelve Months.

TICKETS granted to parties here wishing to bring out their friends from England.

Apply to the Agents—
HENRY A. GREEN and CO.;
or to the Brokers,
GREEN, LE ROSSIGNOL, and CO.,
62 and 64 Reconquista.

149 6p fy 20

GOVERNMENT MORTGAGE BANK

Offices—111 CALLE SAN MARTIN.

This Bank will be open to the Public on all business days from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.

It advances on real estate to be repaid at long dates.

It pays Mortgage Certificates (Cedulas Hipotecarios) for the amount of the loan it advances, which bear an interest equal to that collected by the Bank.

The value of property offered in mortgage shall not be under two thousand patacons, nor the loan be less than 500 nuertes.

No loan can exceed half the value of the property mortgaged.

The Mortgagor shall bind himself to pay an annual sum so long as the mortgage lasts, said sum to represent the interest on the sum lent the amortization fund and commission to the Bank. This yearly sum shall be paid quarterly or half-yearly.

Series A—Quarterly.

Mortgage for 20 years 117 days, 8 per cent. interest, 2 per cent. amortizatipn, and 1 per cent. commission.

Series B—Quarterly.

Mortgage for 27 years 270 days; 8 per cent. interest, 1 per cent. amortization, and 1 per cent. commission.

Series C—Half-yearly.

Mortgage for 20 years 190 days; 8 per cent. interest, 2 per cent. amortization, and 1 per cent. commission.

Series D—Half-yearly.

Mortgage for 28 years 5 days: 8 per cent interest, 1 per cent. amortization, and 1 per cent commission.

Upon the full payment of the yearly sums stipulated in the Mortgage, both property and Mortgagor shall be freed from all further obligation.

The Mortgagor shall be at liberty to anticipate the payments and to discharge the mortgage, all or in part.

Applications for mortgages must be made in writing, specifying the property offered, accompanied by the title deeds, the receipts of the Contribucion Directa tax, and setting forth that the property is free from all incumbrance, or if not the incumbrance that exists thereon, and which is to be paid off by the mortgage. The Secretary of the bank will supply applicants with the forms necessary as also the tables for amortization.

Quarterly mortgagers shall pay from 8th to 15th of each January, April, July and October, and half yearly mortgagors shall pay between the 8th and 15th of each January and July.

With the amortization fund, mortgage certificates (cedulas) shall be redeemed at par by quarterly and half yearly drawings.

The mortgage Bank pays the interest on the quarterly cedulas or mortgage certificates between the 31st December and 6th January, the 31st March and 6th April, the 30th June and 6th July, the 30th September and 6th October every year, and on the half yearly cedulas from the 31st December to 6th January, and from 30th June to 6th July.

The Mortgage Bank can act between the capitalist and mortgagor, free of charge in the way of realizing the cedulas, and for this purpose will receive deposits without interest, which will receive a preference, and which sums will be deposited in the Provincial Bank.

On and after the 15th February 1872 the Mortgage Bank will be open to the public.

José M. La Fuente,
Secretary.

111—CALLE SAN MARTIN—111

1—xp f7

LONDON, BELGIUM, BRAZIL
AND
RIVER PLATE STEAMSHIP.

UNDER POSTAL CONTRACT WITH THE BELGIAN GOVERNMENT.

The names of the Steamers are as follow:
BONITA—GALATEA—LACYDON,
ARIADNE—EVORA.

This Company will despatch a Steamer with Mails every Month for Rio Janeiro, Montevideo and Buenos Ayres.

From London, 27th; Antwerp, 1st; Falmouth, 3rd.

From Buenos Ayres, on the 22d, to Falmouth Antwerp, and London.

Passengers, Parcels, and Specie will be landed at Falmouth, and forwarded to London by a special arrangement with the Great Western Railway Company.

Cargo will be received on board, 48 hours after arrival at this port, for London, Continent, at through rates.

Passage money to Falmouth £35; to Antwerp, £35; to Rio Janeiro, $50 Pats. Freight or Specie one-half per cent. payable here.

ALTERATION IN DAY OF SAILING:

These Steamers will in future sail from this Port on the 22d of each month.

The BONITA is the Steamer for the 22d of MARCH.

All LETTERS must be taken to the Post-office.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned Agents.

WOODGATE BROTHERS, Shipbrokers,
42 Calle San Martin.

CLYDE LINE OF STEAMERS
TO
BRAZIL AND THE RIVER PLATE.

ASTARTE and MARINA,
And constructing
COLINA and CYBILE—2000 Tons
Calling at Southampton to land Passengers, Specie, and Parcels.

The ASTARTE, the next Steamer, sails from
Glasgow 17th JANUARY.

These Steamers are fitted with every modern improvement, and have accommodation of the best description for Cabin Passengers.

Carrying also Surgeons and Stewardesses.

For further particulars apply to the Agents,
WOODGATE, Brothers, Shipbrokers,
No. 42 Calle San Martin.

THE RIVER PARANA STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

This Company will despatch a Steamer every Month from Liverpool, for Montevideo, Buenos Ayres, and Rosario.

The fine Steamer
"EUXINE,"
1301 Tons,
Now in the River Parana,
Will be despatched for Antwerp and Liverpool on her return from Rosario.
The OLGA will be the next Steamer to follow the EUXINE.

These Steamers are fitted with every modern improvement, and have accommodation of the best description for passengers.

Agents in Buenos Ayres—Messrs. C. J. SHAW and CO.

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WOODGATE, Brothers, 42 Calle San Martin.

FRANCO-PLATENSE BANK.

BRANCH OFFICES,

G. STUMP.

87—Calle Cangallo—87

It advances Money on Public Funds.

It receives Money at Interest for fixed periods and in Account Current.

It issues Bills of Exchange and Circular Notes on Paris, Bordeaux, Marseilles, Bayonne, Pau, London, Genoa, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Vienna New York, Philadelphia and Montevideo.

RATES OF INTEREST.

THE BANK PAYS:—

1. For balances against i in Account Current	4	to 7	p&
2. " Sums on Call with Cheque..	3		"
3. " Deposits at 15 Days.....	6		"
4. " " 1 month	6		"
5. " " 2 to 3 months	8		"
6. " " 4 to 6 "	9		"
7. " " 7 to 12 "	10		"

CHARGES

For Balances in Account Current, 12 per cen per annum.

Bills and Pagarés discounted at conventional rates.

G. STUMP.

THE TRUE
THEORY OF PURGATION
Applied to the
Liver, Kidneys, Skin, Stomach, and Bowels.

DR. RADWAY'S
Perfect
PURGATIVE PILLS,
Perfectly tasteless—Elegantly Coated.

'Materia Medica' contains, in its repertoire, many purgative and cathartic agents that, for ordinary purposes, opens the bowels, and through what is called a 'peristaltic' movement, purges from the alimentory canal the fæces, and this is all. Such agents, for the purpose of cure, or removal of any settled cure, are perfectly useless.

Dr. Radway has completed one of the most essential discoveries in medical chemistry—in the combination of vegetable substances, for the purpose of a Purgative, Aperiant, Counter-Irritant, Alterative Pill, that can be taken or administered with the absolute certainty of securing thorough evpulsion of all decayed and decomposing element of the human body, and also safe to take in the most malignant of Eruptive Fevers. In cases where the mucuous membranes of the internal viscera are suffering from Ulceration, Inflammation, or from

LIVER
Gastric, Biliary, Pancreatic Complaints,
Dr. RADWAY'S PILLS

Supply the only Vegetable substitute for CALOMEL OR MERCURA:

In Radway's Pills you have one medicine that will secure quicker, more thorough and better results than will be given in from three or more different prescriptions of the medical practitioner. As a proof of this—You are seized with a bilious attack! Doctor prescribes blue pills or calomel. Next, come drastic aloetic pill or powders, to work off the effects of the blue pills this prostrates you, and a tonic is next given, to a gentle aperiant, whereas one dose of Radway's Pills will do all the work that the three or more prescriptions are given for, without running any risk from mecurialising or salivating the system.

How to take Radway's Pills.

Their daily use.

In doses of one or two pills, by all persons of a full habit of body, subject to giddiness, rush of blood to the head, palpitation of the heart, and all those subject to fits, will not only keep the blood from becoming congested or clogged up in the blood vessels, but will equalise its circulation, and prevent sudden attacks of apoplexy, disease of the heart, congestion. Persons who will take one of these Pills every day will not suffer from Head-aches, Dizziness, Hysterics, Fainting Spells, Pains around the Heart, and a hundred other disagreeable symptoms.

DYSPEPSIA.

One of Radway's Pills, two or three hours before dinner, taken daily, will keep the system free from Dyspepsia, Constipation, Costiveness, &c. &c.

Bear in Mind,

Radway's Pills are the only purgative that will secure an alterative, diuretic, sudorific, aperiant, and tonic influence.

They are the only vegetable substitutes for Calomel or Mercury

They promote the secretion of bile, and withdraw it from the circulation.

They assist, through ties, the chyme and chyle, and gastric juices in the process of digestion.

They are elegantly coated with Gum, perfectly tasteless, and free from smell.

Authorised Agents for the Argentine Republic

JOHN EASTMAN and SON
9 and 11—Calle Defensa—9 and 11
Buenos Ayres

La Popular Argentina.

CAPITAL—500,000$ fts.

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" C. Santa Maria.
GENERAL MANAGER.
Sr. Dn. Pedro S. Lamas.

GOVERNMENT DELEGATE.
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BANKING OFFICES,
213½——PIEDAD——213½
Buenos Ayres.

The objects of the Company are mutual:

Each Shareholder of the two or ten patacon notes has a share in the drawings which take

NEW AND CENTRAL AUCTION MART.

CALLE CANGALLO, 59 & 65.

The Week's Sales.

TUESDAY, 27th, at 12 Noon.

A large lot of Drugs and Medical Implements.

APOTHECARIES AHOY!

REMOVAL,

MESSRS. PEYREDIEU and BRADLEY Have REMOVED Their Office to 263—CALLE PERU—263

219 3p fy24

LIBRERIA EUROPEA.

JACOBSEN & SODERSTEDT,

Appointed as General Agents in the River Plate for several of the leading London papers, such as The Illustrated London News, The Graphic, Punch, The European Mail, The London Journal, The Family Herald &c. Receive by all the Mails extra supply of these and other English and Irish Periodicals, to which they receive subscriptions on moderate terms, guaranteeing the utmost exactitude and speed in delivery of same.

NO SINGLE NUMBERS SOLD.

Orders for all books published in Europe are carefully attended to and speedily executed.

178—CALLE FLORIDA—178
Buenos Ayres,
and
152—CALLE 25 DE MAYO—152
Montevideo.

| 3p ff

NOTICE FROM SCOTLAND.

EDWIN having, on most urgent business, written often last year from home in Scotland, to his brother in the State of Buenos Ayres, the latter is eagerly pressed to procure the letters [which were sent to the usual address], and to answer them at once.

219 4p fy24

LESSONS.

PRIVATE LESSONS IN ENGLISH AND SPANISH.

An accredited and experienced Professor of the above languages desires to obtain select pupils. Terms reasonable. Apply at this Office, or at 296 Calle Esmeralda. ..xp f22

OCEAN MAILS.

FOR Rio de Janeiro, Gibraltar, Marseilles and Genoa, 25th Bourgogne. 26th. Cordillera, via Montevideo, for Rio Janeiro, Lisbon Bordeaux and Liverpool.

For South Africa—24th Biela, for Cape Town, and Port Elizabeth

For the West Coast—23rd John Elder, for Valparaiso and Callao.

Mails close at the Central Post Office—22nd 12½ p.m., 23rd 3 p.m., 24th 1 p.m., 25th 11½ a.m., and 25th 3 p.m. At the Maritime Branch—22nd 1 p.m., 24th 1½ p.m., 25th 12 p.m, and 26th 3½ p.m.

General Post Office, Buenos Ayres,
February 20, 1872.
THE SECRETARY.

Father Fahy Memorial Fund.

At a meeting of Irish residents held in this city on the 1st of December, 1871, it was resolved—

"That the following gentlemen be elected trustees of the Father Fahy Memorial Fund:

The Rev, Messrs. J B. Leahy, Pres.
P. Lynch.
T. Mullady.
C. Walsh.
P. J. Canon Dillon.
E. Flannery.'

It was, moreover, resolved—

"Th t the subscriptions received be deposited by the President of the body of Trustees in the River Plate Bank, until a sufficient sum be collected to pay all claims against the late Father Fahy."

W. WALSH,
Sec.

The Rev. J. B. Leahy begs to announce that he has deposited in the River Plate Bank, to the credit of the Trustees of the Father Fahy Memorial Fund, the following sums from Carmen de Areco and Salto, per—

Rev. L. M. Leahy	$36,000
From San Pedro, per Rev. E. Flannery	16,000
Total	$52,000

LOMAS CHURCH AND SCHOOL.

THE Corner Stone of the building that must, for the present, serve for both Church and School, will be laid on Monday the 27th inst. with appropriate services, which the Rev. Doctor Smith has kindly consented to conduct. All persons interested are invited to attend, and particularly the subscribers, with their families and friends, and those who have generously contributed to the funds.

The ceremony will take place immediately after the arrival at Lomas of the train which leaves Calle Parque at 4.24 p.m., and will be concluded in time for those who may wish to return to the city at 6.45.

By Order,
THE SECRETARY.

1..217 1p f24

COMMERCIAL.

A GENTLEMAN who has a few leisure hours during the day wishes to meet with an engagement as Book-keeper. Understands English, French, Spanish, Italian, and German. Good references if required.

Address R S. F., Standard Office.

h | 218 6p f 24

ENTRE-RIOS.

TWO leagues from Concepcion del Uruguay there is to rent a fine estancia, one to two thousand fine sheep, horses, milch cows, &c. &c. For further particulars apply Calle Moreno 134, from 7 a.m. to 6 p.m.

1..208 3p f24

TO LET—Six new houses with five and six rooms, at the corner of Calles Belgrano and Entre-Rios. Tramway at the door. Apply Calle Rivadavia 135.

1..213 3p f24

SE ALQUILA—Una pieza con ventana a la Calle, para hombre solo. Calle de las Artes No. 310. 1..214 3p f24

GRAN BAILE DE MASCARAS ben una hdisima orquesta en los salones de la casa Calle San Jose 107.

El Sabado 24 y Domingo 25 del corriente.

Principiará a las 10 y se concluirá a las 4 de la mañana.

Entrada general 1$, señoras gratis.

f212 1p f24

JUNIOR CLERK.

WANTED, by a young Englishman, from 18 to 19 years of age, a situation as above, or as Assistant Book-keeper. Apply E. G., at this Office. 315 7p fy24

WANTED, a Girl, to wait on a Lady or Gentleman, at 234 Parque (altos.) Inquire between three and five o'clock. German, English, or Irish. 200 3p fy24

WANTED, a Nurse, for a small family, in Rosario. Apply to J. E., 30 Piedad, from 11 a.m. to 4 p.m. 310 3p fy24

"Vapor EDWARD EVERETT."
Para el Rosario y Escalas

ESTE esplendido vapor, el mas comodo y el que ofrece mas seguridad á los Sres pasageros de cuantos hacen esta carrera, sale MAÑANA, en combinacion con el Ferro Carril del Norte, con el tren que sale de la Estacion 25 de la mañana, á las 9, de la mañana, con gran rebaja de precios.

TARIFA.

Pasage de camara en cuartos esplendidos..	$f 8
Id id en salon general	6
Id proa	3

Los boletos del tren se obtienen gratis de la Agencia y no se cobra flete por exceso de equal pase.

VAPOR "CECILIA."

Para Cavaba, Corumbá, Asuncion y escalas saldrá el Miercoles, 6 de Marzo, á las 10 de mañana.

Agentes—
MANUEL SCHURANO E HIJO,
384½ Cuyo.

LETTERS.

A R Hayman, A. Murray, Smith, Chalmers R. Clarke, Colton, S Kahlt dt and Company, Dawson, Bracken, H Baited, G Wright, Do-Fischer Treneu, Sharpe, Escurra, Ciril, Mrs Burns, Harford, Munro Trenenfeldt, Mrs Muler. G Wright, Nock, Miles, J Wigh, Conahy, J. Woolfield, W. Lynch. Miles, Casey, M W Stoate, Bowring, Treatt 2, Mrs John Wigl R Griffithe, Ward, Feyton, Leaver, Annanuale. Woodfield, E Maguire, E Stribeling, H Flood Tilston, Collins 2, Colton, Jordan.

NEWSPAPERS.

T. Conasher 2, Master O A Miles, Marryatt. Mrs Miles, G. Miles, Hayman2, Atkinson 2, Annandale, John McGarry, Nock, Stant, Rumball.

SUBCRIPTIONS TO THE STANDARD

DAILY, per Month	$30
WEEKLY	20
PACKET EDITION, single copy	2
Do. Do. mailed from Office, including postage (per an.)	£2
Advertisements per line per day,	$1
Do WEEKLY, one insertion,	5

Do. Permanent, at conventional rates.
"Standard" Office,, January 1st, 1869.

The Standard.

"Nil falsi audeam nil veri non audeam dicere
CICERO.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1872.

THE SINDH'S MAILS.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

Lisbon, January 29th.

Thanksgiving services took place in all the churches, for the recovery of the Prince of Wales, on the 21st. inst., and a grand ceremonial is to be performed at St. Paul's on February 20th, to which the Queen will go in state, as has been officially notified to the Dean and Chapter. The Prince and Princess of Lorne are going to Cannes, near Marseilles, to arrange a residence for the Prince of Wales during his convalescence. Dr. Gull has been made a Baronet for his attendance on the Prince, and Sir W. Jenner is decorated with the Order of the Baoth: The Queen is also going to reward Drs. Stokes and Adams of Dublin, Professor Lister of Edinburgh, Dr. Quain of the Cattle-plague, and Dr. Acland and Hervett, the Prince's physicians, for their scientific labors. The Queen receives daily congratulations at Osborne on the Prince's recovery. A dreadful explosion occured in a cartridge manufactory at Greenwich Market. Calcutta telegrams announce a rising among the Rookas, which was speedily suppressed, but Lord Napier anticipates soon another terrible Indian mutiny and is opposed to any reduction by Government of the Anglo Indian army: the *Globe* publishes his manifesto on this subject.

Thiers withdrew his resignation at the request of the Assembly but said he feared an occasion might arise before long in which he must resign once and for all, unless the Assembly supported him. Paris telegrams of the 27th state that the bill for differential duties on goods imported on foreign bottoms (unless from French colonies) was passed by 406 votes to 265. The Emperor of Brazil attended the debate on the tax as proposed on raw materials; His Majesty has visited the Sorboune: in fact nothing escapes him, and he courts the society of *savans*. The Emperor and Empress were entertained at a grand banquet by the Due d'Aumale, and took their farewell of Parisian society at the Countess Barral's 'soiree.' Their Majesties leave Paris on the 1st Feb., for Spain and Portugal, intending to embark at Lisbon in the Royal Mail steamer of March 13th for Brazil.

The Emperor of Russia has had a narrow escape, out bear-hunting; a bear flew at him, but the Czar kept his presence of mind and drawing a pistol shot the wild animal. Various crowned heads have sent congratulatory telegrams to His Majesty. The Russian budget for 1872 shews an increase of 6 million roubles for the army 3 millions for the navy. A reconciliation is spoken of between the Pope and the Czar, and at the next consistory His Holiness will appoint several Bishops for Russian (Polish) dioceses. It is rumoured (in Paris) that Russia and Germany have protested against the toleration which the Swiss authorities shew towards the International Society.

Grand festivities have occurred at Berlin on occasion of the Order of the Black Eagle; among the new knights were Count Bernstorff and Count Beust, the latter being Austrian Ambassador at London. The Emperor William made a striking speech at the banquet, and Baron Perglass, of Bavaria, proposed His Majesty's health as William the Victorious. It is said Prince Frederick Charles is going to travel in Italy and the East. The Emperor William received Prince Arthur and Princess of Hesse at Berlin on January 17th.

It is believed Mr. Thiers (who burst into tears when the Assembly rejected his tariff-bill) would not have consented to remain in power but for the solicitations of Marshal McMahon on the part of the Army, backed up by the deputation from the Assembly, consisting of 150 members.

The King of Sweden opened his Chambers on the 17th and announced several reductions in the expenditure, but urged the necessity of fortifying the coasts.

The Dutch Parliament has accepted by 29 votes to 6 the proposal of Great Britain for the purchase of the Dutch possessions in Guinea, notwithstanding a negro deputation who offered any money that might be needful, provided the inhabitants were not transferred from Dutch to English dominion. The Chamber also ratified the treaty whereby G. Britain purchases the island of Sumatra.

The Grand-duke Michael is expected in Rome. The King received the credentials of Baron Wimpfen as Austrian Minister.

Cholera is all over at Constantinople.

The United States Legislature has thrown out the bill for making naturalized citizens eligible to the Presidency of the U. States.

London letters, 28th, say that Napoleon is sick.

TANDIL!—MR. CASTRO.

If the people of Buenos Ayres have forgotten the Tandil affair, and turned their attention to other matters, the residents of the south camps are in a greater state of alarm than ever. Even the peones and puesteros go about now with sidearms, and it is no extraordinary sight in the vicinity of Tandil and Azul to witness a ditcher working away at his trade with a long sword by his side, or a puestero rounding his sheep in broad daylight with a revolver in his belt. These facts are kept from the notice of the people of Buenos Ayres. With the exception of five lines in the *Prensa* about the total paralization of trade and business in Tandil, none of the native papers even advert to the subject. Columns and columns of electioneering trash and nonsense fill the daily press, but the real news of the day is kept back. *The south camp to-day is in a state of siege.* The people down there are not the men to take matters into their own hands; all are indignant, all alarmed, but there is no head or centre; combined action is unknown. The foreigners in Tandil amount to nothing. It was an Argentine, not a foreigner, who shot the *medico Dios*, and but for that spirited Argentine the villain would be alive to-day, either waiting to be tried, or appealing to get out.

The judicial enquiry under Judge Islas has terminated; we have yet to receive an account of the evidence, but no matter what its import, it will not alter the public conviction already formed. We hear that the papers in question save the authorities, and to a certain extent tone down the harsher features of the atrocity. The public was more or less prepared for this, aye, and prepared for much more that has yet to come from the same quarter; but where are the witnesses to disprove the horrible and revolting cruelties at the Estancia Chapero? As yet not a paper in Buenos Ayres has published the awful details. Not to horrify our readers we have held them up—but they must out. His Worship Judge Isla has of course taken everything down in writing; the government, we suppose, hold the papers. The massacre of the women and children—aye, what about that? We know they were all killed, but how? Answer the public Governor Castro and Judge Isla.

And is the public obliged to accept everything that this judge reports with unfounded faith? Are we called upon to suspend our judgment until the courts get through with the question?

The judge says the authorities are blameless.

The judge says three of the prisoners deserve death.

The judge says the rest are to be imprisoned for so many years.

But what does the public say?

First—That the headquarters of the 'medico Dios' were at the alcalde's house, a relative of the Juez de Paz.

Second—That the prisoners in Tandil are a band of already convicted felons who have escaped from the carcel.

Third—That the sentence of imprisonment means ultimate liberation.

That a crime so awful as this Tandil butchery could have been perpetrated under the very eyes of the authorities, in broad daylight, and after months of systematic preparation, is a fact that staggers the coolest reasoner.

That out of a gang of noted murderers, tried and convicted for former crimes—publicly and notoriously the very men who assassinated every living soul on the Chaparo Estancia—only three should deserve death, is a decision against which the whole country appeals, and which ought to be reversed.

We note that Mr. Castro has named a special commissary for Tandil, appointed his vigilantes, and assigned their salaries. All this reads well, but it amounts to nothing; for the commissary, let him do his best, can only apprehend malefactors. Of what use is that when at this moment we have the prisons of Dolores, and Tandil, and Azul, filled to their utmost. The poor country vigilante, with his $200 m|c. per month, acts better his part as a man and a public employee than any judge upon his bench, or the governor in his chair. Of what earthly use is it to name commissaries and extra police so long as the villains already under arrest are allowed to escape? But the decree reads well, the decree sounds well. It shows the government is up and stirring. Nothing of the kind.

It shows that, as usual, we have begun at the wrong end, and that until other men take office, there is no hope for improvement. From Mr. Castro we can expect nothing but tramways and bridges; as for any display of character to meet the evils which afflict the country, it is not in him. As is usual, we are to be told that the law must take its course, that the Governor can do nothing, that the affair is in the hands of the judges. But had the "medico Dios" instead of murdering thirty-six foreigners hoisted his flag of revolution against Castro, murdered the Juez and Comandante of Tandil; then started for Dolores and assassinated the judges and authorities there, how different would have been the sequel! We should have had troops marched out to Tandil, not stopped half way at Chascomus, as in the present instance; we should have had a small engagement with the "medico Dios" and his men—their defeat, instantaneous trial by court-martial and execution before the sun went down. Do we speak the truth, or nor, Mr. Castro? Take back your new commissary edict—we'll none of it. Go down in person to Tandil. Call out the assassins one by one, hang them in a row in the public square of that town. Law or no law—justice or no justice—humbug or no humbug—hang the villains all in a row, and your country will bless you, and one newspaper at least in Buenos Ayres will say, you did right.

LONDON LETTER.

"A perjurer, a forger, an impostor, a villain, a scoundrel"—such, according to the Attorney-General is Sir Roger "Lump of Fat" Tichborne, B.K.G.B., as he styles himself, which means, in the Wagga-Wagga tongue, Baronet of the Kingdom of Great Britain. Since the 15th inst. the Attorney-General has been daily, with the exception of Saturday, engaged in his speech for the defence, and it is very likely to extend some days longer. The excitement on Monday, when the court resumed its sitting, was intense, for it was generally anticipated, from articles which had appeared in the daily papers, that some secret would be divulged exposing the imposture. But as yet the Attorney-General, in his five days' speech, has only reviewed the evidence we all know; and so far from disclosing any new point, he has distinctly retired from the position of proving that the claimant is Arthur Orton; leaving that fact to be implied by the jury, he confines himself to the proof that the claimant is not Sir Roger Tichborne. Unquestionably, his case is very strong, and opinion has shifted bodily to his side, quite turning the scale against the "lump of fat."

The Attorney-General did not pretend that in this case there had been a "conspiracy," but there had been a huge and monstrous imposture, into which many innocent persons had been drawn, and had allowed themselves to be deluded. It was easier, he said, to tell a lie than to refute it; and he went narrowly into the characters of the witnesses who had appeared on the side of the claimant, and into their motives in hostilizing the Tichborne family. Carten, the servant, he unhesitatingly calls a scoundrel; and of Baigent he permits us to imbibe a similar opinion.

Coleridge in his exordium did not disdain the old-fashioned claptrap of appealing to the jury as selected from the 'gentry' of England when some of them were at least only merchants, and with characteristic femininess he dilated on the Arundels, the Berkleys, the Beaumonts, and other connections of the true Sir Roger, who he represented as partaking of the characteristic of an honourable young English gentleman. But unfortunately in another part of his speech he admitted that Sir Roger was badly brought up, and that the parents of Kate Doughty had objected to his marriage with that young lady on account of his drunken habits. The Attorney-General read several letters from Roger Tichbourne to Kate Doughty, and particularly one dated in 1852, in which he promises to come back in two years if she is not in the meantime married or engaged. This document was with others left with Mr. Gosford, and dated nine months before the time fixed by the plaintiff in his evidence for the foul imputation cast upon Mrs. Radcliffe, and they convict him, said the Attorney-General, of one of the most infamous lies ever told in a court of justice.

He quoted several other letters written to his lawyer and to Miss Doughty and her mother, to prove from the style that Roger was anything but the ignorant, lazy lout he was described to be by the other side. He dwelt upon the morbid hopes of seeing her lost son that were entertained by Lady Tichborne, who, as even Mr. Baigent admitted, was 'exceedingly foolish,' and who, as Moore may have stated, 'she would have received an Egyptian mummy if it had been labelled Roger Tichborne. He alluded to one of the strongest points in his case, that since the Belle foundered not one of the crew had appeared to claim on the owners, and the rumour that some of the crew had arrived at Melbourne he implied was set rolling by the claimant himself in Australia, when the philosophy first entered his head that 'them that has money and no brains are made for them that has brains and no money."

As far as the defence has gone it has proved damaging to the Tichborne bonds, but depend upon it be the claimant baronet or butcher, when Sergeant Ballantine gets up he will give Coleridge (invariably pronounced a muff) one of the handsomest dressings ever inflicted; as some of the strong observations of the Attorney General were almost personal towards the learned sergeant.

In regard to the identity of the claimant and Orton, he observed that wherever Castro turned up in Chile or Hobart Town, there was Arthur Orton, and, as Mr. Baigent expressed it, "they ran too close to be comfortable." The letter the claimant wrote to Wapping in 1865, to enquire after the Orton family, was just what a cunning rascal would do to find who remained of his own family before he set up his claims to the Tichborne estates. On his arrival in England, on Christmas Day in that year, the first place he goes to is Wapping, and walks naturally to the bar of the Globe Tavern, a few doors from where the old Ortons once resided, and makes such minute enquiries about the Orton family that he is there and then taxed with being an Orton.

The Attorney-General remarked on the curious manner in which the claimant's information about the Tichborne family had grown, and how he had picked it up from the attorneys Cubitt and Gibbes, or from Bogle or Gilfoyle, in Australia since Lady Tichborne's advertisement had inspired him with the notion of personating her son. His first impression seems to have been that if he could only once be recognised by the dowager his case was complete, and his earliest ambition was not to mix with English gentlemen, but to set up an hotel at Sydney, and he absolutely drew a cheque on Glyn's for £10,000 for that purpose, after he had been in correspondence with Lady Tichborne, and was about to start for England.

Another crushing fact in the defence, or at least till Sergeant Ballantine has had his say on the subject, is the will made in Australia by the claimant, displaying a thorough ignorance of the Tichborne property. As the Attorney-General said, he bequeaths a property called the 'Hermitage.' No such name occurs in the Tichborne estates, but at Wapping there is a Hermitage Street; a Hermitage Place, and a Hermitage Wharf.

The counsel made a great point of the memorandum book scrawled over by the claimant, and which was only discovered by the commission in Australia, and the plaintiff had not been cross-examined on the subject, but at any time he could be called into the witness box for that purpose. The book was examined by the judge and jurors. The counsel for the plaintiff did not object to its production, but strictly the jury had no right to look at the book until it had been proved. Amongst the scribblings were some hieroglyphics which the Attorney General, the judge and jury could not pronounce upon their meaning. The next day the judge received a note from a school-boy at Harrow suggesting a key to the well known boy's alphabet, and they turned out to be "Roger Charles Tichborne."

Allusion was made to the evidence of officers in the Carbineers in favor of the claimant and to counter evidence from fifteen officers in that regiment with whom the real Sir Roger had associated daily.

The Attorney General said that undoubtedly the claimant had a brown mark on his body, but unfortunately the true Sir Roger had no such mark, and at the suggestion of the facetious Mr. Hawkins he quoted a passage from 'Box and Cox'—"Have you a strawberry on your arm?" "No, I have not." "Then you are my long lost brother."

What with the Tichborne case, the Brighton poisoning case, and the Stockwell murder, legal questions have quite monopolized public attention. From present appearances Watson will not be hanged, but Christina Edmunds will. Yet it is difficult to see why a distinction is to be made. As far as the madness of the criminals is concerned, the Brighton murderess was the madder of the two, and the madness was undoubtedly in several branches of her family, whereas Watson, even according to the medical testimony sent to the Home Office, was suffering only from a temporary melancholia. His previous good conduct is urged in favour of clemency. This plea is well enough in some cases, but certainly not in cases of murder. If we are to have our throats cut, the previous conduct of the gentleman who operates is really unimportant. The truth is, it is part of our snobbishness increasing and ascending in society that there should be now a marked prejudice against hanging "respectable people." I look upon the feeling as the forerunner of an agitation against capital punishment. Whether mistaken or no, the latter sentiment is germane to the softer spirit of the age.

When the judge read the sentence on Miss Edmunds, she bethought her of one other resource, and hinted at pregnancy, which necessitated the empanelling of a "jury of matrons." The result of the conclave, assisted by male medical advice, was such as not to divert the course of the law. The last case of a plea of a similar kind for arrest of judgment was that of Mary-Anne Hunt in the year 1847.

We are looking forward to an important struggle in the Kerry election. Lord Castlerosse succeeding to the peerage has created a vacancy. The candidates are Mr. Blenerhasset, an advocate of Home Rule, and Mr. Dease, who is opposed to the movement. Dr. Moriarty, Bishop of Kerry, has issued a manifesto, which is strong and sensible in its opposition to Home Rule; but the ball is set rolling in Ireland, as it is in Prussia by the retirement of Von Muehler, and in France, and even in England by the education question. Home Rule in the Kerry election is of secondary importance. The real question is secularism versus clerical interference—the pride of semi-cultivation in the towns against the passive obedience of total ignorance in the rural districts. In Ireland, in Prussia, and in France the battle will be as long as the peasants are in a majority. In England, by one of the most curious instances of retributive justice, or political accident, the church party, which has assisted the landed aristocracy in depopulating the agricultural districts, will now be beaten in twelve months for lack of numbers. It is a remarkable political position well worthy of reflection that the Liberals on the Continent, by the subdivision of the land, and the Aristocrats in England, by the monopoly of the land, have both injured their own cause. In England the political position of the landed interest is irredeemable. On the Continent it is a question of educating one or two generations, and altering, perhaps, in France the law of succession, as far as 'forced subdivision' is concerned, to regain for the Liberals their proper influence.

M. Thiers, you see, is defeated on the free trade question. The Chambers of Commerce were rather tougher to deal with than Municipal Councils, which M. Thiers manipulated at his pleasure. When the Assembly threw out the bill taxing raw materials, the President of the Republic wept, and tendered his resignation. Imagine the President of the Republic resigning on an economic question! M. Thiers has been all his life a servant of the crown, and as President of a Republic he reminds one of 'Jeames' suddenly transferred to 'high life,' and starting at the sound of his own bells. Unhappily, the majority in the present Assembly are greater flunkeys than Thiers, and they are positively alarmed at their own audacity. With more tears, and a sly reminder that he had other questions in store for them, in which he hoped they would be more compliant, the great little President, in answer to a deputation from the Assembly, withdrew his resignation; and the bull-headed Norman Pouyer Quertier remains also in office. But the Protectionist reaction has now lost its best and only chance in France. We await the destiny of other reactions whose rabid supporters are crowding at Versailles.

A telegram informs us that Marshal McMahon visited M. Thiers and solicited the withdrawal of his resignation *in the name of the army.* So Cæsarism is scotched but not killed in France; for pretoreanism is only a symptom of that regime. Between Cæsar and Henri V is the choice. Both are suited to the national weaknesses, vanity, military pomp and superstition. Marshal McMahon was good enough to observe that the army would respect the majority in the Assembly but not a dictatorship. This is very kind of the army, only the assurance came with a bad grace from a marshal of Napoleon III.

It is officially announced that on the 20th February or on as early a day after that date as may be convenient, Her Majesty goes in state to St. Paul's cathedral to return thanks for the recovery of her son. The Prince of Wales, it is hoped, will be able to attend, and the ceremony is looked forward to as an imposing and solemn event. You will read in the papers the different sermons delivered yesterday at the Thanksgiving services.

Well may the orthodox in religion or politics sing or say "God bless the Prince of Wales." If Mr. Richard's tune is not quite equal to the subject it is admirably suited to the singers.

The Paris correspondent of the *Daily Telegraph* renews its assertion that the French Government are making arrangements with financialists to pay off the German indemnity and rid France of the army of occupation before April next. The French tobacco monopoly is to be mortgaged as security to the capitalists.

The issue is advertized of the Central Uruguay Railway 15,947 seven per cent preference shares. Mr. John Fair and Mr. George Drabble are in the list of London Directors.

We just hear that Mr. Dease, the clerical or anti-home rule candidate, was grossly ill-used and nearly killed outright by the enlightened electors of Kerry. There were the usual arrests and threats of rescue.

ARGENTINE BANK.

REPORT FOR THE SECOND HALF-YEAR OF 1871.

The Directors of the Argentine Bank have the pleasure of laying before the shareholders the report for the half-year ending Dec. 31st 1871. According to the Balance sheet we submit to you the result gives for nett profits 180,829$f. 60c. against 172,103$f. 14c. for the previous half-year, or an increase of. 8,726$f. 46c. This is equivalent to 10 per cent. (10.46 milessimos) on the paid-up capital of 1,800,000$ fts., and the profits are distributed thus—

	$ fts.	c.
Reserve fund (5 per cent.)	9,011	48
Charitable purposes (½ per cent.)	904	14
Dividend of 6⅔ per cent. or 18f. per share	120,000	00
Private reserve fund	50,883	98
	180,829	60

We have already explained to you that 5 per cent. is wholly insufficient to form a proper Reserve-fund for such eventualities as may happen in an establishment of this magnitude, which is everyday increasing. For this reason we allot $f.50,883 out of the half-year's profits towards a Private-reserve, and the shareholders can hardly complain of the dividend, since, added to that of the previous half-year it gives them 13⅓ for their money, a larger return than can be shewn by Banks of great capital and operations than ours. We feel convinced that the interests of the share-holders require us to continue the same line of policy as hitherto, raising our reserves to the highest figure conveniently possible. We had called a meeting to consider this matter, but a sufficient number of share-holders did not attend, and this induced us to continue the policy which has worked so well since the establishment of our head house in this city.

The balance-sheet is as follows:

	$ fts.	Boliv.
Bills receivable	4,830,718$60	1,210,424$93
Against	3,073,018$73	1,321,772$23
for the previous half-year.		

The business of the head-house stands thus:

CASH MOVEMENTS, B. AYRES.

	$ fts.	$ m|c.
Received	17,684,903$63	319,317,365
Paid	17,602,679$96	289,265,915
	35,287,583$59	608,583,280

The latter items for the previous half year shewed—

$ fts.	$ m|c.
13,850,381$56	303,405,693

The *deposits* at fixed periods were:

	Pats.	Currency.
Received	1,096,763$60	27,175,992
Paid	1,289,439$78	24,498,654

and for the previous half-year—

Received	1,223,471$20	18,597,162
Paid	1,011,191$58	18,202,325

The *Savings-bank* shewed—

Received	18,268$23	3,712,384
Paid	21,291$88	3,174,980
	39,563$11	6,887,364

and for the previous half-year—

Received	11,8[illegible]$31	2,388,488
Paid	14,011$66	2,509,534

The cash movement of the Buenos Ayres house, reduced to hard dollars, shows—

90,183,454$69 against 45,117,128$66 for the previous half-year.

It consisted of—

		$ fts.
Currency receipts	405,565,901 =	16,222,636$14
Do. payments	405,120,266 =	16,204,810$64
Specie receipts		29,219,961$58
Do. payments		28,546,016$43
		90,193,454$79

The business of the branches has been—

ROSARIO.

	Pats.	Bolivians.
Cash movement	5,117,507 64	16,569,605 75
Received	2,568,852 62	8,225,041 64
Paid	2,518,655 02	8,311,564 11
Acc. curr. rec'd	801,073 28	3,753,903 56
do. paid	754,877 95	3,603,686 03
Bills recov'ble	173,560 76	892,060 87
do. paid	153,950 57	817,060 45
Fixed deps. rec'd	58,189 93	267,686 80
do. paid	314 0 10	199,613 44
Notes in circulation	24,709 70	955,200 75

The returns for the previous half-year were—

Cash rec'd	2,343,529 57	6,309,201 42
do. paid	2,401,568 93	6,267,062 84
Acc. curr. rec'd	632,747 78	2,810,532 33
do. paid	636,192 65	2,698,290 87
Bills recov'ble	295,691 68	917,333 87
do paid	407,681 52	986,884 79
Fixed deposits	21,111 93	131,586 21
do paid	17,051 70	143,869 49
Notes in circulation	25,320 50	670,550 48

Our present notes in circulation stand thus—

Rosario	135 50	419,433 01
Parana	3,568	89,083 46
Santa Fe	30	76,812 27
Cordoba	20	132,161 51
Concordia	20,656 20	237,710 50
	24,767 70	955,200 75

PARANA.

	Pats.	Bols.
Cash movement	350,892 07	1,705,735 98
Received	181,301 32	844,349 32
Paid	166,390 75	861,386 66
Account curt. rec'd.	233,620 71	1,051,922 80
Paid	268,034 34	1,051,996 46
Bills receivable	101,538 52	273,078 29
Do. paid	97,038 86	269,679 30
Fixed deposits	75,969 63	260,331 58
Do. Paid	88,210 88	260,151 42

The returns for the previous half-year were—

	Pats.	Bols.
Receipts	134,148 14	551,125 28
Payments	118,088 73	519,684 96
Account curt. rec'd.	191,703 50	722,533 85
Do. paid	211,295 77	719,559 59
Bills receivable	89,111 66	258,403 20
Do. paid	52,863 23	106,584 75

SANTA FE.

	Pats.	Bols.
Cash movement	1,182,958 35	2,816,590 49
Received	614,201 62	1,131,107 06
Paid	568,753 73	1,112,183 43
Account curt. rec'd.	305,011 51	851,587 03
Do paid	279,625 96	912,870 52
Bills receivable	11,563 22	149,388 02
Fixed. dep. received	36,633 62	72,070 31
Paid	37,038 61	75,017 41

The returns for the previous half-year were—

	Pats.	Bols.
Cash receipts	562,506 52	1,298,057 59
Do. payments	549,182 63	1,290,379 22
Account curt. rec'd.	242,844 21	705,787 49
Do. paid	264,303 28	711,577 52

Bills receivable	11,085 11	109,490 70
Fixed dep. received	87,115 52	59,702 48
Do paid	67,338 28	58,991 43

CORDOBA.

	Pats.	Bols.
Cash movement	809,429 67	9,855,356 70
Received	413,844 32	4,923,778 41
Paid	395,585 35	4,931,578 29
Accounts curt. rec'd.	18,576 16	2,140,359 96
Paid	15,765 47	2,109,310 04
Fixed dep. received	14,730 11	213,022 67
Paid	12,937 46	172,963 46
Bills receivable	18,008 65	496,554 86

The returns for the previous half-year were—

	Pats.	Bols.
Cash receipts	148,906 58	2,028,957 69
Do. payments	150,235	2,037,476 82
Accounts curt. rec'd.	11,210 88	1,157,914 38
Do paid	9,834 63	1,218,163 11
Fixed dep. received	2,794 23	140,090 91
Do. paid	2,689 69	150,071 11
Bills receivable	19,468 64	527,824 74

CONCORDIA.

Cash movement	874,685 58	1,179,838 21
Received	426,319 80	603,668 32
Paid	448,365 78	576,169 89
Ac. cur. rec'd	654,369 96	455,219 80
do paid	749,119 66	446,694 87
Bills recov'ble	305,776 78	242,017 51
Fixed deps. rec'd	230,175 70	11,913 48
do paid	191,983 70	103,979 12

The returns for the previous half-year shew—

Cash receipts	656,395 57	484,398 14
do payments	582,296	409,195 08
Ac. cur. rec'd	757,174 33	497,013 43
do paid	694,636 70	501,613 60
Bills recov'ble	253,796 21	225,615 61
Fixed deps. rec'd	233,276 38	127,546 18
do paid	207,015 30	121,346 18

Summary of General Balance-Sheet.

	Pats.	Bolivs.
Rosario receipts	2,568,852 62	8,225,041 64
do. payments	2,518,655 02	8,311,564 11
do. total	5,117,507 64	16,569,605 75
Santa Fe receipts	614,201 62	1,131,107 06
do. payments	568,753 73	1,112,183 43
do. total	1,182,958 35	2,816,590 49
Parana receipts	184,301 32	844,349 32
do. payments	166,390 75	861,386 56
do. total	350,892 07	1,705,735 98
Concordia receipts	422,319 80	603,668 32
do. payments	448,365 78	576,169 89
do. total	874,685 58	1,179,838 21
Cordoba receipts	413,844 32	4,923,778 41
do. payments	395,585 35	4,931,578 29
do. total	809,429 67	9,855,356 70
B. Ayres receipts	45,442,597 62	
do payments	44,759,857 87	
do. total	90,197,454 89	
Total receipts	49,650,120 30	16,031,244 75
do. payments	48,878,807 70	16,125,882 38
do. movements	98,528,928	32,157,127 13
Bols. reduced to pats, rec'ts		12,214,281 72
do payments		12,286,386 57
Total movement in pats.		123,029,596 29

The above is a general statement for the second half-year of 1871. We beg you will approve the Dividend we recommend.

BERNARDO DE IRIGOYEN, Pres.
Manuel J. Guerrico, Luis M. Solé, Mariano Casares, Antonio Terrero; C. Carvallo, secretary.

Balance-sheet to 31st Dec., 1871.

Dr.	$ fts.	Boliv.
Cash on hands	1,152,936 51	404,017 42
Bills receivable	4,830,718 60	1,210,424 93
Account current	3,185,237 21	1,551,787 22
Furniture, &c.	14,580 01	7,415 50

giving for the recovery of H. R. H. the Prince of Wales was offered up in all churches of the United Kingdom. Our London Letter refers to the latest phase of the Tichborne case. The defence has opened with alarmingly strong language, a very ominous sign for the juvenile holder of the baronetcy in dispute.

The Gualeguaychu people had a grand blow out, arches, flags, fireworks and feasting (carne con cuero) for the news of peace being signed in the Banda Oriental. The course events have taken may teach our friends up there not to "halloo till they are out of the wood".

An English ship, the Electra, arrived a few days since at Montevideo from Pernambuco. The Captain's wife and a sailor died on the passage, it is supposed from yellow fever, and another of the hands was sick when the vessel entered port; of course the Electra has been placed in quarantine.

Letters from Mercedes, Banda Oriental state that robberies of sheep and cattle in the Departments are worse than ever. A few days ago an entire flock of 1500 sheep was coolly driven off from an estancia. The robbers are well known, but the owners are afraid to complain lest they be assassinated; the business of stealing and selling cattle and sheep has been a regular and lucrative one since the revolution broke out, and the authorities, such as they are, have never done any thing to put it down.

The knife again!! While crossing the Old Market on Thursday evening an Italian was dangerously stabbed in the groin by a man utterly unknown to him. The delinquent was arrested and the victim taken to the Hospital, where he lies in a precarious state.

The *Republica* of yesterday morning contained a lucid article on the policies of this Republic and Brazil, which we commend to those who take an interest in the Chaco question.

Dr. Ramirez, special Oriental agent, is in town since Thursday evening, and is said to be making energetic efforts to take up the broken thread of the peace negotiations. Amongst thinking people the belief is general that neither Reds nor Whites wish for peace, and nothing will oblige them to sign or observe it, unless fear of pressure from without, if not the pressure itself.

The Sindh has 199 passengers on board; these unfortunate beings enjoy quarantine at Ensenada (!!). Monday next. We trust none of them will succumb. The Sindh will sail next Thursday. Packet edition on Wednesday.

The Health Committee of the parish of Concepcion have just perpetrated a joke that, but for its excruciating stupidity, might provoke a momentary smile. The Commission have sent a prolix report to the Municipality, solemnly asserting, in redundant Spanish, that the Plaza Constitucion is in a hygienic condition that requires the serious attention of the Corporation. This is a startling though possibly true preamble; but the sequel is unique. Having devoted many sleepless nights and scorching days to the subject, with all the strength of what they probably call their "minds," the Committee have arrived at the colossal conclusion that the most efficacious way of arriving at the end desired is *to build two "letrinas"* in said Plaza. The "letrinas" in Plaza Mayo have been found so beneficial to the health of that locality that it is a wonder some committee of beadles do not recommend the erection of a few dozen more in that plaza.

On the 18th inst. Mr. Crawford and his transandine expedition left San Luis for San Rafael and Mendoza. The party were excellently provided with all necessaries, having 170 oxen and fine troops of mules. The supplies have been so ample that none of the preserved meats taken hence by the expedition had been opened. The long delay at Mercedes was occupied in procuring mules, which have risen in price in the provinces of San Luis and Mendoza, owing to the strong demand from Chile.

A correspondent of the *Allgemeine Zeitung* publishes in that paper an account of his experiences during a recent visit to the diamond-fields at the Cape. He says that on the journey from Capetown he suffered greatly from the want of water, the road passing through a desert and treeless country. The places where diamonds are found are mostly solitudes without a bush or stream; the banks of the Vaal, however, on which there are several diamond-fields, are very beautiful, consisting of black pillars of basalt rising from a mass of porphyry which rests on a basis of syenite. The surface of the heights is covered with an alluvial sand, and in it are found diamonds, together with agate, turmaline, jasper, and opals. Wells are dug here 30 ft. in width and 26 ft. in depth —a work which often occupies a twelvemonth, for the basalt is extremely difficult to penetrate. The height of the diamond-fields is about 6,000 ft. above the sea-level; the climate is cool in summer and bitterly cold in winter. In the hotel at Pniel (on the Vaal) you may, if you make an arrangement by the month, live on two shillings a day. The correspondent adds that no one should go to the fields in the hope of finding diamonds unless he brings at least £300 with him, and is prepared to stay for six months. He worked nine hours a day for two months, in which period he and his companions dug up 3,700 ft. of ground, yet they found nothing, although close to them a man dug up a diamond of sixty-four carats, and a woman found another in pulling up some grass.

Don Rufino Elizalde, representing an English house, has proposed to the Provincial Government the construction of a double line of railway round this city, to unite the existing lines, and carry passengers at moderate rates. A brilliant authoress, if we remember rightly, called Dublin the "most cardrivingist" city in the world. Buenos Aires will soon be the tramway and railway "travellingist" city of the globe at the rate we are going on. The proposed speculation "nevertheless" has fair chances of success, if sanctioned.

The scare last week about General Vedia being put "a la porte" at Villa Occidental turns out a "bola." The National Government has received intelligence that on the 18th General Vedia took formal possession of Villa Occidental, amidst "alegria general."

The Bishop of this diocese, Dr. Ancieros, has issued a Lenten Pastoral, published in the native papers; it is, however, too long for our columns.

Captain Ezcurra, son of our friend Don Carlos, has been entrusted with the formation of a special regiment of "mounted infantry," to take part in the Rio Negro expedition. This is a high compliment to such a very young officer, but we believe he deserves it. Though only 20 years of age, Captain Ezcurra has seen three years active service on the frontiers, and has a knowledge of his profession, very uncommon in his rank.

Agricultural Colleges, or Model Farms, as we call them at home, are about to be established in the provinces of Salta and Tucuman by order of the National Government. This is a step in the right direction for which Mr. Sarmiento deserves credit.

The 'seca' is now so terrible in some parts of the camp that communication is becoming difficult, and our town markets show a falling off in the arrivals. The oldest inhabitant of the camp cannot remember such a dusty and trying time for sheepbreeders.

In the Western and Northern partidos large numbers of horses have recently been bought up for Government account. In the neighbourhood of Rojas as high as $500 m/c. has been paid per head.

The good people of Rosario, at least the unwashed portion of them, lately 'serenaded' the President of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals after their own peculiar fashion. The 'plebs' howled, hissed, and yelled before the President's house, beating tin cans and iron kettles in delightful accord with their own sweet voices, for an hour or so, and then retired. The cause for this delicate attention on the part of the rabble was the effort of the Society to put down the bull-fights recently introduced there.

There was some talk yesterday of another attempt at revolution in Santa Fé, but the Rosario papers to hand declare that the affair, if any, is one of the periodical farces so common in the Provinces.

Latest accounts from Corrientes state that Goya has fallen into the hands of the Government troops, and that his Excellency Go-and-Come is 'going' to Corrientes with his 'army,' but is not unlikely to be 'coming' back soon.

The passenger traffic between Buenos Ayres and Rosario has fallen off terribly from what it was in the good old times when poor Davis used to carry hundreds of passengers every trip, and astound them by his tremendous efforts to command in Spanish, though his crew and engineers were generally Galway or Glasgow men. One of the river steamers lately took up *four* passengers, and returned with *twenty*. "There is a tide in the affairs of men," and, we suppose, of river traffic too; just now it seems at ebb on the Rosario line.

Mr. Gowland's proposed tramway line from Calle Callao, through Calle Independencia to Flores, and back through Calle Europa, has been sanctioned by Government.

The news from Entre Rios is scanty and bad. Drought destroying the crops; maize all lost; and robbers and assassins prowling all over the camp; 'voila tout'—and quite enough.

A lawyer was robbed the other night of every stick in his town house while enjoying a 'paseo' to the suburbs. Many thieves think it no harm whatever to rob a lawyer.

A German was murdered the other day on White's estancia, at Canuelas, while in a state of intoxication; the assassin was arrested.

A paper devoted to educational matters, with the euphonious title of *El Pan del Alma* has just been started by some Professors in Parana. It contains firstly a kind of literary 'Revalenta Arabica' excellently suited for parties with weak mental digestion, and intended for 'mamma, papa, and the children;' then comes a strong classical pill anent Greek and Latin literature, a word to President Sarmiento and schoolmasters in general, etc., etc. The *Pan* is evidently in able and educated hands, but contains too much 'shop,' even for the schools and colleges, which must be its sole support.

A very alarming report is afloat to the effect that the 'serenos' are so badly armed that many of them have only sticks wherewith to tackle an aggressor, or defend themselves or the public. Mr. Chief of Police O'Gorman should see to this. We were under the impression that the 'serenos' all carried heavy revolvers.

Next week 200 kerosene lamps will be placed in various parts of the suburbs, an improvement urgently called for.

The authorities in Montevideo have issued rules for the regulation of the tramway traffic in that city. They have forgotten to prohibit the most dangerous practice of overcrowding the carriages.

A friend writing to us from Asuncion says that the Chaco difficulty is expected to be settled amicably, notwithstanding the protests of Brazil and Paraguay against the decree of the Argentine Government annexing the Chaco. Things are improving greatly at Asuncion. English engineers are expected out shortly to survey the proposed extension of the railway to Villa Rica. There are four emigration schemes on a large scale now being carried out in Europe for Paraguay, whose destinies seem to be rapidly brightening. The Asuncion people are very impatient for the tramway, for which a concession has been given.

Mr. and Mrs. Cepeda, the famed Chilian singers, are expected here Montevideo in a day or two.

WANKLYN'S BOLIVIAN LOAN.

Six per cent. Government Loan of £1,700,000 Nominal Capital, in Bonds of £100 and £500.

Authorised by Act of Congress, and approved by the President of the Republic, August 28, 1871, redeemable at par, by means of an Accumulative Sinking Fund, of 2 per cent. per annum. Principal and interest payable in London, free from Bolivian taxation.

Messrs. Lumb, Wanklyn, and Co., 10, Angel-court, Throgmorton-street, are duly authorised to receive Subscriptions for the above Loan, at the price of 68 per cent., payable as follows; 5 per cent. on application; 10 per cent. on allotment; 10 per cent. on the 23rd February; 10 per cent. on the 22nd March; 11 per cent. on the 23rd May; 11 per cent. on the 24th June, less half-year's coupon, deducting income tax; 11 per cent. on the 23rd July. Total, £68.

Interest will date from the 1st of January, 1872. The instalments may be anticipated every Tuesday, under discount at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum. Reckoning accrued interest and rebate for prepayment, the price reduced to 66¾ per cent.

The Bonds will be for £100 and £500 each, bearing interest at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, represented by coupons attached, payable half-yearly on the 1st July and 1st January, at the counting house of Messrs, Lumb, Wanklyn, and Co., until redeemed at par.

An accumulative sinking fund of 2 per cent. on the entire nominal amount will be applied by yearly drawings by lot on the 1st October, so as to redeem the whole loan in 25 years. The first drawing will take place on 1st October, 1873. The bonds drawn will be payable on the 1st January next succeeding each drawing.

The bonds will be signed by the special agent appointed by the Congress of Bolivia, and the diplomatic representative of Bolivia accredited to Great Britain, General Narciso Campero, is commissioned to countersign them.

The general bond will be deposited in the Bank of England, and will include an engagement on the part of the Government that no Bolivian tax shall be levied on the bonds or their holders under any circumstances whatever.

The principal object of the loan is to subsidise the National Bolivian Navigation Company, formed under concession from Bolivia for the purpose of opening communication between the Republic and the Atlantic Ocean. Its natural outlet via the River Amazon will thereby be secured to Bolivia, a country containing upwards of 2,500,000 inhabitants, of great fertility and vast mineral wealth, but hitherto, by its geographical position, practically shut out from the world's commerce.

In view of the international importance of the operations of that Company, the Congress of the United States of America has granted to it a charter, and its Board is composed of gentlemen of the highest standing in the U. States.

The new route will be established by means of steamers, and railway about 150 miles in length around the rapids of the River Madeira, for which the Imperial Brazilian Government has granted a concession for 50 years to the Madeira and Mamoré Railway Company, of which the Navigation Company is practically the exclusive proprietor.

The Public Works Construction Company (Limited), who have had the line examined, have entered into a contract for the construction of the railway, and the same is to be completed and equipped within two years.

It is calculated that the effect of the new route will be to reduce the distance of the trade centres of Bolivia from Europe and the U. States from about 180 days to about 30 days, and the cost of freight from an average of £55 per ton to about £15.

The loan is guaranteed by the general revenues of the Republic, and by a first charge on the entire Custom dues collected on imports into Bolivia, via the Amazon River. The Government engages to make arrangements for the receipt and remittance of the Custom dues to the satisfaction of the bondholders, and not to reduce these Custom dues in any manner which may impair their security. As a further security for the loan, the National Bolivian Navigation Company has executed a deed granting to the trustees for the bondholders a first charge over its net revenue from every source, and containing full powers for the inspection of books and accounts, and in case of profits being withheld, for entering at once as receivers into possession of all property and assets.

The Madeira and Mamoré Railway Company has joined in a similar deed, hypothecating its net profits to the same trustees for the same purposes.

Mr. J. Horatio Lloyd and Mr. J. Bradshaw Wanklyn (Lumb, Wanklyn, and Co.) will act as trustees for the bondholders to exercise, if ever required, these powers for the protection of the bondholders. They will retain out of the proceeds of the loan as received a sum equal to the contract price of the railway, and temporarily invest and apply the same from time to time in payment for the works as they proceed. They will also retain and temporarily invest the amount of one drawing of the loan and three interest coupons, so as to cover the period fixed for completion of the railway and works.

The Government reserves the right to issue hereafter an additional amount not exceeding £300,00 nominal, in bonds similar to the present issue, with the same guarantees.

The accompanying statement of the Government special agent calculates the custom dues at a minimum of £263,200, and the net income from the navigation and railway at £93,000, giving a total of £356,200. The amount required for interest and sinking fund on the present loan is £136,000.

MEMORANDUM FURNISHED BY THE GOVERNMENT COMMISSION.

Population.—The population of Bolivia in 1825, the date of independence, was officially estimated at 978,926. The Government census of 1854 gave it at 1,566,126 of white and mixed races. The approximate total present population is 2,750,000. About one million of these are descendants of the Spaniards, and nearly the entire of the remainder belongs to the Inca races, beyond question the most industrious section of all the indigenous races of the Western Continent.

Geographical Position.—Bolivia, formerly Alto Peru, has been since her independence, almost completely closed to foreign commerce. By extraordinary efforts she forces a mule-back trade with the Pacific Coast. Every ton of exports or imports in its transit of the Andes reaches an elevation higher than Mont Blanc. The treaty entered into between the Bolivian and the Imperial Brazilian Governments in 1868, secures to Bolivia her natural outlet, and makes available her 3,000 miles of navigable rivers penetrating her commercial centres, and all concentrating at the rapids of the river Madeira, the principal affluent of the river Amazon, in Brazilian territory. These rapids lie between the Atlantic and 400,000 square miles of well-populated country, famed for vast agricultural, pastoral, and mineral wealth, and offering an unrivalled field to the emigrant.

Present Trade.—The internal commerce of Bolivia is approximately £15,000,000 per annum. The foreign commerce is as follows;—

Imports.

From England	£528,000
" France	261,000
" Germany	221,000
" the United States	72,000
" Argentine Republic	61,000
" Peru	80,000
" Brazil	56,000
Total Imports	£1,288,000

Exports.

Peruvian Bark	£160,000
Copper	128,000
Tin	40,000
Silver	720,000
Gold	80,000
Cocoa	128,000
Coffee	8,000
Vicuna and Alpaca Wool	60,000
Total Exports	£1,324,000

All this trade is done by pack-mules, llamas, and asses. The average cost of transport from Europe, via Cape Horn and the Andes to the centres of commerce in Bolivia, is £55 per ton, with a loss of from five to twelve months' time. The list of exports shows that none but products of great value, and lying near the Pacific Coast, can afford this enormous cost of reaching a market.

Prospects of Trade.—With the improvements for the opening of direct and easy communication to which the present loan is to be applied, the freights to and from the trade centres and Europe will be reduced to about £15 in money and to about 30 days in time, and the country placed commercially as near to Europe as is the Argentine Republic. The chief products, which will then be within easy reach of the Atlantic Ocean, are:—Peruvian bark, hides, horns, tallow, indiarubber, tobacco, vanilla, sarsaparilla, saffron, balsams, rhubarb, gentian, jalap, aloes, valerian, ipecacuanha, indigo, gums, cabinet woods, sugar, coffee (the richest in the world), cocoa, alpaca, llama and sheep's wool, cotton, furs, besides an inexhaustible supply of gold, silver, copper, tin, and other ores.

In former times the mines of Bolivia gave to Spain the registered sum of over 400 millions of pounds sterling. They promise no less remarkable results when steam machinery can be imported, this being impossible by the existing means of transport. The only piece of modern machinery Bolivia has been able to import up to this date, is a little steam engine placed last year in the Mint of Potosi.

Statistics.—The average imports of all the Spanish American States are very approximately £2 per head; Bolivia, by her present inaccessible route, can only import 10s. per inhabitant. The only Spanish American country to which Bolivia can be properly compared is the Argentine Republic. It is to the Amazon Valley what the latter is to La Plata Valley; her internal wealth is undoubtedly greater, whilst her population exceeds by one-third that of the Argentine Republic. With the natural outlet which the present Loan will secure, it is, therefore, unquestionable that at no distant date the trade of Bolivia will equal that of the Argentine Republic, which is now £11 13s. per head of population. At this rate the commerce of Bolivia would exceed £32,000,000 per annum. The adjacent Brazilian portion of the Amazon Valley has at present a commerce of £3 10s. per head, and even at this rate Bolivia when made accessible would show a trade of nearly £10,000,000 sterling.

Hypothecations for the Loan.—A careful statement, based on the minimum trade which is certain to accrue to the new route after its opening, shows that the securities specially hypothecated for the present Loan will exceed £356,200, of which £263,200 will be derived from Custom dues, and £93,000 from transport. The amount required annually for the service of the loan is £136,000.

Budget.—The annual expenditure of the country has varied but little during its independence, and a revenue of about equal amount has been regularly raised. The income of 1871 is estimated at 2,318,338 dollars gold against an expenditure of 2,153,457 dollars. The internal debt, according to the report of the Finance Minister in 1870, amounted to £348,994. The only external debt is a small loan of £200,000 in 8 per cent. Bonds, held in Chili at above par.

Finances.—The Government is making every effort to add to the prosperity of the country. Important public works in the interior are being actively prosecuted and others contracted for. No less than fourteen applications have been lately sent in for the railway from Mejillones to Caracoles, whilst cart roads are already under construction to connect the different cities with the rivers in anticipation of the opening of the Amazon route. The enormous products of the newly-discovered mines of Caracoles, together with the yield of the famed mines of Potosi, are estimated to produce this year silver exceeding in value £2,000,000 and the royalties thereon will materially add to the revenues of the country. The guano deposits of Mejillones, which belong jointly to Chili and Bolivia, assume also considerable importance, the last auction sale in 1871 having been 400,000 tons. It is by these new sources of revenue that Bolivia will hereafter be enabled to carry out its intention to convert advantageously the home and external debt, and to obtain funds to aid useful home enterprise. At the present moment the political and financial condition of Bolivia are highly satisfactory, and, with the opening of the Amazon route, the prospects of the country are in every respect excellent.

Messrs. Baxter Rose and Norton, attorneys for the Loan, have received the following letter from Mr. Buckley Mathew, H. B. M. Minister at Rio Janeyro.

At the request of my valued friend and colleague the Minister of the United States in Brazil, I took some trouble in making myself acquainted with the nature of Colonel Church's plans, and with the grounds upon which his expectations were founded, and the result of my investigation and inquiries impressed me in a high degree with the practicability of the undertaking, and with its very great importance to British and other commercial interests. I did not hesitate to express unofficially the opinion I had formed to M. de Cotegipe, the able Minister for Foreign Affairs in Brazil, and I learnt with much pleasure that Colonel Church had obtained the concession he had sought for from the Government of that country.

I apprehend that it is pretty generally known that the richest and most healthy regions of South America, the interior districts of Bolivia, and of Upper Peru, although favoured by a splendid climate, and inhabited by a laborious and kindly people, are all but shut out from the commerce of the world by the great sandy desert intervening between them and the Pacific coast, and by the enormous cost of transport by mules.

These obstacles have not only limited the exports to precious metals and the imports to strict necessaries, but have had a serious effect upon cultivation and produce; and I am under the persuasion that Colonel Church's undertaking will result in an increase on all these several points which will exceed all expectation.

I cannot, however, do better than to refer you to an able Report, which I recollect reading at the moment, in the "Anglo-Brazilian Times" (and to which I have no doubt that you can obtain access), from the pen of Senhor Continho.

That gentleman was employed by the Brazilian Government upon the exploration of the Amazon River in connection with Professor Agassiz, and every reliance can be placed upon his statements.

I remain, dear Sir, very faithfully yours, *George Buckley Mathew.*

ON 'CHANGE.

February 23, 1872.

Ounces	400
Sovs	122½
Pats	25
National Bonds	72½

Only two transactions in National Bonds, viz., 5,000 for the end of February, at 72½; and 10,000 for the end of March at 73½. The brokers now seem to be getting hold of the scrip of the Banco Hipotecario, of which 2000 fuertes were sold today at 95½, but the transactions in this way must be limited for some time, until the method of mortgaging be simplified and become better understood. In Municipal Bonds, also, some slight business is done, namely, $95,000 m/c at 91.

The advices privately received from Paraguay give room to hope that the Chaco difficulty will be settled without any disagreeable occurrence. No attention is paid either to the fears of a "mauvaise teste" with Bolivia, and the matter may now be dismissed as harmless as an exploded shell.

Letters from Asuncion mention that they are expecting the engineers from England, to prolong the railway from Paraguary to Villa Rica, 30 leagues from the capital. Large emigration schemes to Paraguay are said to be on foot in England. The conclusion of the loan in London has filled every one in Paraguay with pleasure, and the prospects of the country look bright at last; the valuable minerals will doubtless be developed, and the railway will traverse the richest part of the country.

The Bolivian loan prospectus will be found in another column: it will be seen that it gives the bond-holders 9 per cent. for their money, which is guaranteed by customs-duties double the income of the interest and sinking-fund. The chief object in view is to carry out Col. Church's railway which will give Bolivia an outlet by the Amazon to the Atlantic Ocean. By last quotations the loan was at 1¼ prem.

We have no particulars about Murrieta's proposed loan of a million patacons for Entre-Rios, but we may look for flattering advices by next steamer as money is now so abundant in England. Next steamer will also bring news of Madero's water-scheme; nothing as yet.

A good deal is doing at the wool markets at firm prices. A lot of fine wool from Moreno arrived and Mr. Kenny, broker, refused an offer of $97, demanding $100; it is free from burr.

Public attention is unpleasantly awakened by the daring outrages and murders now of almost daily occurence, and it is asked, what action the authorities mean to take.

Rain is still much wanted, and we have distressing accounts from all quarters; even in some parts of the North and West there are losses of sheep, and the South is in a fearful condition. The weather, however, seems to promise a change.

Much is spoken in favor of Mr. Birmingham's scheme for city improvements, but it is suggested that, instead of drawing his water supply from the Conchas or Luxan rivers, he ought to take it from the Parana or Uruguay, as being purer.

The Argentine Bank report, in another column, shows that the profits for the half-year amounted to over 10 per cent. on the paid up capital, of which profits nearly one-third is set aside to increase the reserve fund; the latter now amounts to $f.143,693, or 8 per cent. as compared with the capital. The business of the Bank doubled during the half-year, but then the previous half-year included the period of the plague. The total transactions for the half-year ending Dec. 31st show:—

Receipts	$f.61,864,402
Paid out	$f.61,165,191
Total business..	$f.123,029,596

which is equivalent to twenty-five millions sterling. This will give an idea of the magnitude and growing trade of the institution, the shares of which now command a high premium. The dividends to shareholders last year gave 13⅓ per cent. on their money. The success of this bank is in great measure due to the experienced men at its head, such as Anacarsis Lanus, B. Irigoyen, M. Guerrico, M. Casares, etc.

By private letter we hear of 3000 Correntino hides sold yesterday, at Montevideo, for 74 gold.

The Montevideo telegram says—

Paper, 3½. Extraordinary Debt, 42. Prime lot of wool at 45. 1000 bags East Indian rice at 13½ paper. Volney, cargo of coal, from Cardiff, at 9⅔. Bolsa shares at par. 4000 Entre Rios hides at 74, "en balanza."

Our South market reporter advises that the Juez de Comercio has refused to decide the question of "lienzos," and referred the consignees complaining to the Government.

SOUTH MARKET REPORT.

James Harrow's wool from Tandil, 8000 arrobes at 98.

James Sproat, of Chascomus, 1000 at 100.

Feb. 28.

The following were the sales at the North Plaza:—

2,500 ar.	of wool at	87.
1,500	do	89
1,600	do	92
2,000	do	84
1,500	do	85
1,200	do	86
1,000 lamb with burr		75
3000 to 4000 do		80 to 90

From the Liverpool reports we learn that the aggregate supply of River Plate wools during the past year reached the large total of 235,987 bales, but the expansion of the consumptive power has proved equal to the increased receipts, and the available supplies are left in comparatively small compass. The present quotations are—Merino washed, 1s. 2d. to 1s. 6d; mestizo, 1s. to 1s. 6d.; mestizo and merino unwashed, 7½d. to 11½d.; common washed, 9d. to 1s.; unwashed, 6d. to 9d; Cordova, &c., washed, 11d. to 1s. 1d. The Australian clip this year will be a short one.

Latest quotations of R. Plate securities are—

Argentine bonds, 95¼.
B. Ayres do, 97 to 99.
London Bank, 8 to 12 prem.
Northern R.R., 14½.
Southern do. 27½.
Central Argentine, 20½.

The above amounts to 20 to 30 per cent. prem. on London shares, 41½ per cent prem. on Northern R.R., and 38½ per cent. on South. R.R.

CLEARANCE.

February 23, 1872.

British brig Starbeam, for Plymouth, by Green and Co.—

482 pipes tallow.
120 half do.
80 bls. sheepskins.

South Plaza, Feb. 22nd. 1872.

Heavy transactions.
High prices, fair for wool and dry-hides.
Few arrivals.
Prices obtained, viz:—
Mr. James Sproat's wool from Chascomus, was sold with balges by Messrs Peyredieu & Bradley, for $100 ar.
Mr. Harrow for $98,
" Ferguson $90.
Several lots were sold this morning from $77 up to 90 ar.

Dry-hides.

Very firm, and in demand. Few arrivals.
Campo, $170 to 174 pesada.

Sheepskins.

Consumo $250, 255 doz.
Campo 220, 240. doz.
Pelados 50, 55, doz.

Horse hair.

Very firm and in demand.
Long from the South $176 to 188 ar.

Grease and tallow.

Bord. schipping. 15 rls. fts. No stock.
Camp cask $62.

Price of Cereals,

Wheat according to class, 90 to 100 fan.
New maize, 100 to 150.
Barley, 55 to 65.
Flour at the mills, 24 to 26 ar.

CLEARANCE.

Italian brig Starbeam, for Plymouth, by Green and Co.—

432 pipes tallow.
140 half do.
80 bales sheepskins.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

BUENOS AYRES.

	Bar.		Therm.
Feb 22 at 8 p.m.	760.07	..	25° 0 Cels
Feb 23 at 8 a.m.	760.79	..	24° 0
" 2 p.m.	755.30	..	27° 8

DEATH.

On the 10th Nov., 1871, of dysentery, at the Diamond Fields, South Africa, aged 36, George Heideman Hodgskin, formerly of the Estancia Sherenden, in the department of Porongos, Banda Oriental.

WHAT is more delightful than a trip up the Parana this fine weather? The splendid scenery along the banks of this noble river, with its picturesque islands dotted here and there, are now seen in all their varied beauties; and where the stream narrows, the trees interlace, and form an avenue of ambrosial perfume, which is almost overpowering—in fact to complete the illusion, nothing is wanted but some of Otard, Dupuy and Co.'s renowned Cognac, which can be had at 143 Calle Peru.

PIANO.

SE VENDE uno muy rico por 5,000$; no hace 3 meses costo 8,000$. Calle Salta No. 100, de 8 a 11 y de 4 a 7.
g..199 2p f23

COUPE POR 1,200$.

LA MITAD de lo que costo, se vende uno muy rico y casi nuevo para dos y cuatro asientos. Salta No. 100, de 8 a 11 y de 4 a 7.
g..200 2p f23

Scottish Imperial Insurance Company.

CAPITAL,

ONE MILLION STERLING.

GLASGOW,
50 WEST GEORGE-STREET.

LONDON,
2 KING WILLIAM-STREET.

For Fire, Life, and Annuities.

Insurances against Loss by Fire, effected on the most favorable Terms.

Life Assurances with or without Participation in Profits, Participating Policy-holders Sharing to the extent of Ninety per Cent. in the Profits of both schemes.

Agents in Buenos Ayres,

W. R. THOMAS AND CO.

N.B. Settlements for losses, &c., arranged here by the Agents, under a Power of Attorney, without reference to the Head Office.
207 14p fy24

SEIS MEDALLAS DE HONOR,

MEDALLA DE ORO,
Paris, 1870.

J. S. FRY and SONS.

Chocolate Caracas

O SEA CACAO EN POLVO.

Este Chocolate debe su excelencia especial, su gusto delicado, y su color puro y brillante, al uso del Chocolate importado de Caracas, donde siempre se ha producido el Chocolate de la mejor clase conocida. Para el almuerzo y para la cena esta preparacion es excelente—agradable al paladar y facil de digerir. Las personas mas delicadas la pueden tomar y no podran menos que reconocer su eficacia en dar fuerza y vigor al estómago y al systema en general.

Nota—Es preciso exigir la marca.

J. S. FRY and SONS,

FABRICANTES DE CHOCOLATE

A LA REINA DE INGLATERRA,

AL PRINCIPE, GALES, &c.

CREMAS DE CHOCOLATE

CHOCOLATE HOMEOPATICO.

CHOCOLATE CARACAS.

Se Vende por Menor en todas Partes

Exigir la Marca.

REMATE.

POR

PABLO A. RAMELLA.

GRANDE Y ESPLENDIDO REMATE

En el CABALLITO,

PARA EL

DOMINGO,

25 del corriente.

ATENCION SENORES.

Lo que se vende son 23 Varas de frente por 160 de fondo.

El terreno mas lindo y espacioso que hay para vender en la prolongacion de la Calle de Rivadavia hasta Flores.

Linda con el mismo Colegio de el Caballito.

Las personas de dinero y gusto no deben faltar porque no hay un terreno como este.

El Domingo 25 del corriente á las 6 en punto de la tarde procedermos á venta del magnifico terreno, anteriormente mencionado.

La venta se hará al alta precio dinero al contado.

Por informes al escritorio Bolivar 42.

Por el Mismo

De una magnifica CASA en la Calle del Temple, Num. 343.

Para el

DOMINGO, 25 de FEBRERO,

á las 4 en punto de la tarde.

El Domingo 25 del corriente á las 4 en punto de la tarde se procederá á la venta de esta lindisima casa situada en la Calle del Temple, Num. 143 y á tres cuadras de la Plaza del Parque.

Esta casa esta edificada en 8½ varas de frente por 42 de fondo con 6 habitaciones, pozo, cocina letrina parral, arboles, frutales, plantas, etc.

Las piezas son todas construcidas en cedras duras, etc., pisos de baldosa, techos linde.

Finalmente la casa es magnifica y á proposito para una acomodada familia.

Los que buscan renta deben approvechar esta ocasion.

Por informes al escritorio Bolivar 42, ó Venezuela 373.
193 3p fy23

PITT'S

LONDON SODA WATER

JUST RECEIVED.

Sold Wholesale and Retail, at

CRANWELL, Brothers, & CO.,
30 Rivadavia.
81 1m fy10

PUBLIC NOTICE.

TEA! TEA! TEA!

$20——$20——$20

Having received a large supply, I am now ready to execute all orders for

$20 —— $20 —— $20.

TEA —— TEA —— TEA.

ENGLISH BAZAAR,

61—CALLE FLORIDA—61
116 1m fy16

TO RECEIVERS OF PRODUCE.

Superior All Steel Tallow Samplers, on sale at the English Hardware Store,
40—CALLE RECONQUISTA—40
196 5p fy23

Burgundy, Claret, and Sauterne.

Booth & Stevens,

Wine and Spirit Merchants,
193½——CALLE FLORIDA——193½
RECOMMEND TO FAMILIES
Their choice and well-selected Stock of the ab

WINES,

All of which they guarantee.

CLARETS.

Chateaux Margaux,		St. Julien,
"	Lafite,		St. Estephe,
"	Larose,		St. Julien Mèdoc,
"	Latour,		H.R.H. Medoc,
"	Leoville,		Richardpére and fils.

Also a remarkable good and cheap Table Wine, $55 per dozen.

BURGUNDIES,

Beaune, | Pomard,

SAUTERNES.

Washington Mortons, | Haut Santerne,
Do. in ½ Bottles, | Chateau Yquem

BOOTH AND STEVENS

SINGLE GENTLEMEN, OR A MARRIED COUPLE.

To be rented, in an English family, three of four Unfurnished Rooms, in a Quinta outside of town, fronting the river, with Tramway passing the door.

Apply 'Alpha,' at this Office.
157 5p fy21

SE ALQUILA.

SE ALQUILA dos Quartos, para Hombres Solos, en la Calle 25 de Mayo 169. Entre Calles Parque y Tucuman.
168 3p fy22

QUINTA TO LET.

THE QUINTA DEL INGLES, corner of Calle Junin and Arenales. Has seven Rooms, and a well-stocked Fruit and Flower Garden One square from a paved street and five from a Tramway. Will be disoccupied at the end of this month.

Please apply to Thomas Wilson, 226 Calle Parque, or Mr. Feely, 60 Calle San Martin.
156 7p fy22

QUINTA TO LET.

A handsome Building, containing six lofty Rooms, ½ Square of Ground, fine Grape Vine. Corner of Saavedra and Venezula, ½ square from a Tramway.

Please apply to Thomas Wilson, 226 Calle Parque, or Mr. Feely, at the Family Grocery, 60 San Martin.
160 6p fy22

FLORES.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

TO be LET, in Flores, some very comfortably furnished Rooms,

Apply at No. 12 Calle Ferro-Carril, Flores.
179 6p fy22

TO LET, a House containing Three Rooms and a Kitchen, in North Barracas, corner of Calle Salta and Bandorita: A Tramway will shortly pass the door. Apply next house on same quinta.
191 14p fy23

TO LET, the house Maipu 95. Apply at 91 same street.
203 3p f23

TO LET, the corner of Charcas 235 and Libertad 289-93. Good for any business, at a cheap rent. Apply at Calle Juncal 69.
204 3p f23

WANTED—A young girl, about 14 years of age, to do light work and mind a baby. Apply at Calle Chacabuco, No. 19.
196 5p f23

TO RENT, a nice Furnished Bedroom, in Calle 25 de Mayo, No. 184.
166 3p fy 22

TO LET, a fine large Unfurnished Room, in a German family. Apply at 243 Calle Cangallo.
164 3p fy 22

TO LET, Furnished Apartments. Apply at No. 82 Calle Parque (formerly Mrs. Summers.)
167 7p fy22

FURNISHED ROOMS.—To be let, at 68 Calle Maipu (altos), some very comfortable Furnished Rooms with windows to the street. Board if required, at a well kept English table.
1..171 3p f22

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.—At 86½ Calle Parque, two large Front Rooms to let, suitable for offices. To be seen from 12 a. m. to 3 p. m.
1..45 5p f20

CAMP to be SOLD, in LOTS of 100 SQUARES, and upwards, within a day's journey of town. Apply at No. 6 Paseo Julio, between the hours of 10 a.m. and 1 p.m.
120 6p fy17

A FRENCH COOK, who speaks English well, desires a situation in a family; English preferred.

Address Madame P, Calle Cuyo No. 457.
194 3p f23

WANTED, an efficient RESIDENT TEACHER. It is desirable that he should know English and Spanish. Apply Calle Victoria 564.
100 3p fy23

WANTED, a Person for general work in the camp. Apply at No. 6 Paseo Julio, between the hours of 10 a.m. and 1 p.m.
118 6p fy 17

WANTED, a PARTNER, with Capital, for a Camp Store. Apply at No. 6 Paseo Julio, between the hours of 10 a.m. and 1 p.m.
119 6p fy17

CARPENTER or JOINER WANTED Good wages paid. Apply at No. 76 Calle San Martin.
48 7p f17

Gastronomic Corner.

HOT WEATHER.

SUGGESTIVE!

COLD LAMB

AND

MINT SAUCE.

The latter may be had at
C. TURMEAU AND CO.
22 San Martin.

And

77 CALLE RIVADAVIA,
FLORES.

J. and E. ATKINSON,

WHOLESALE AND EXPORT PERFUMERS,

24, OLD BOND-STREET, LONDON,

PRIZE MEDAL, LONDON, 1862.

THE ONLY SILVER MEDAL FOR ENGLISH PERFUMERY PARIS, 1867.

ESTABLISHED 1799.

ATKINSON'S CELEBRATED EAU DE COLOGNE,
Is manufactured "in Bond," and shipped duty free.
ATKINSON'S FLORIDA WATER.
Atkinsons' Ylangylang. Atkinson's Trevol, and all other Perfumes,
Are now manufactured "in Bond," and shipped duty free.
Atkinson's Brown Windsor Soap. Atkinson's Bear's Grease.
Atkinson's Cold Cream. Atkinson's Sachet Powders.
Atkinson's "Circassian Rose Opiate for the Teeth."
Atkinson's Superior Thridace Soap.
Price List on application.

N B. All Perfumes. Eau de Cologne, Florida Water, Lavender Waters and Toilet Vinegar, are now manufactured in bond, and increased discount allowed thereon.

CAUTION—Messrs. J. and E. Atkinsons' goods are largely counterfeited orders should therefore be sent direct, or through Commission Houses of roputc.

Wholesale Agents in Buenos Ayres, Messrs. L J. ISAAC and CO.

SAVINGS BANK

BANK MAUA AND CO.

101--Calle Cangallo--103

BUENOS AYRES.

The immense advantages of Accounts Current are now so generally felt and appreciated in the the great emporiums of the River Plate, Montevideo and Buenos Ayres, that there are very few Merchants who fail to keep one at the bank in which they place the most confidence.

The Bank of Maná & Co. in Montevideo has already provided for the working classes in that city a safe and profitable depository for their savings.

The sums deposited in that very important institution are daily increasing, and already reach a very large amount.

These advantages have not hitherto been enoyed in this city by an immense number of clerks artisans, working men, and servants of all classes and conditions, who are equally interested in putting their savings out at interest, thus providing themselves with a reserve fund in case of need, sickness, or old age, instead of spending them in immoral gambling, in lotteries. and other frivolities.

The Bank of Mauá & Co. of this city, following the noble example of their firm in Montevideo, now offer the same facilities in this city, and has opened a Savings Bank at No. 103 Calle Cangallo from Nine a.m. till Three p.m. every day, for the reception of the savings of the classes already mentioned, Sundays and holidays excepted.

The Bank will deliver to each depositors a pass book, in which will be entered the amount deposited and withdrawn.

The depositor is permitted at any time to withdraw the whole or part of the sum deposited; in the former case the interes will be calculated up to date.

The Bank of Mauá & Co. is sufficiently known to the Public by the benefit derived from the course of its operations, which are regulated on the strictest and soundest principles, and always directed to promote the general welfare.

The Bank of Mauá & Co. are also persuaded that this new branch of their business will render immense service to the working classes of Buenos Ayres and its neighborhood.

Buenos Ayres, 2nd January, 1867.

P. P. Maua & Co.,

M. A. DE FREITAS AMORIM

CONDITIONS.

First—The Bank receives at interest any sum from Twenty-five Dollars currency or one Silver Dollar upwards.

Second—The interest allowed is six per cent. (6 p. %) per annum, which is liquidated every six months.

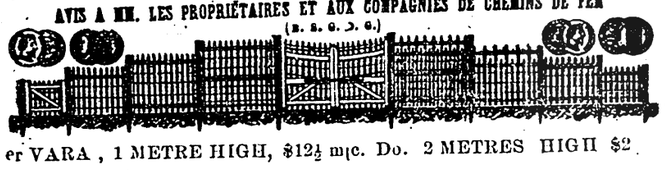
Third—The depositors can at any time retire the whole or part of the money deposited.

Fourth—Once the money deposited exceeds twenty-five thousand dollars currency, or one dollars silver, the depositor, if he wish can open an account current, according to the rules established by the Bank.

Fifth—In case the depositor loses his pass book it can be replaced by another on paying twelve dollars currency, and advertising the loss in the public newspapers.

P. P. Mauá & Co.

M. A. DE FREITAS AMORIM



per VARA, 1 METRE HIGH, $12½ m|c. Do. 2 METRES HIGH $2

NEW PATENT FENCING.

Cheap, Light and Durable.

The best and cheapest way of dividing Lands, Wiring in Quintas, Gardens, Paddocks, or Meadow Lands. Suitable likewise for making Hen Coops, &c

Patented by the FRENCH, SPANISH, and ITALIAN GOVERMENTS.

Sole Agents in the River Plate,

GVO. LEROY Y CIA.,

59 CALLE CUYO.

☞ Also every kind of Economical Stove, by which Bachelor Camp men can cook for themselves, and otherwise dispense with housekeepers.

spt 15

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.

ISSUES POLICIES ON RISKS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

AGENTS,

BATES, STOKES, & CO.

611m fy8

THE LONDON ASURANCE.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER,
FOR INSURING BUILDINGS, GOODS, AND MERCHANDISE AGAINST LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE,
AT MODERATE RATES OF PREMIUM.

AGENTS:

M O L L E R AND CO.,

CALLE CORRIENTES 61. d29

THE FRENCH AGENCY.

4—Calle Cangallo—4

Advances Money to any amount upon all Articles of value.

g..284 36p j25

English and German Hotel,

72—CALLE DE MEJICO—72

Particular attention paid to the comfort of Monthly Boarders.

Breakfasts from 8 to 11.30. Dinner from 4 to 6.30. Tea at 9.

Transient Boarders $35 per day.

Hot and Cold Lunches always ready.

Breakfast $12, Dinner $15.

Basses' Ale and Barclay's Imperial Porter always on draught.

N. B.—Latest European and American Papers always on hand.

LOUIS B. BRENNAN.

Albert Gebbie and Co.

A. GEBBIE and CO.,

Have on hand a variety of

S C O T C H T W E E D S,

And other Cloths.

An Assortment of

READY-MADE SUITS,

For Men and Boys.

A large Stock of Shirts, including White, Blue-striped Jean, Wincey, &c., in Cotton and Melton, and Crimean Black and White Check Shirts, in Wool. Guaranteed good.

Socks, Stockings, Collars, Scarfs, Pocket-handkerchiefs, Cricket Belts, good Braces, Hats, &c.

Also a few Saddles, well suited to. Camp use.

27—CALLE DEFENSA—27

LETTER.

An important letter for Charles B. Richardson Esq., of Liverpool, at the Office of the STANDARD.

SAMUEL BOOTE'S

PHOTOGRAPHIC WAREHOUSE.

86—CALLE PIEDAD—86

The Only Establishment of its Kind in South America.

Professional and Amateur Photographers will here find a complete Stock of all their requisites, by the best makers, and at reasonable prices.

Sets of Apparatus for amateurs supplied, with all the materials necessary for taking Cartes de Visite, and Positive Portraits and Views, a Book of Instructions and a few primary lessons given, the whole for the extremely low price of $1,600 m|c. With a larger stock of materials this will be found a complete and useful set, even for an itinerant in the camp (a very pleasant and remunerative employment during the spring and summer months.)

A fine assortment of Stereoscopes, Wilson's and other English, Scotch, and Irish Views, and fancy Slides, French do., Folding Stereoscopes, Carte Magnifiers, Hand Magnifying Glasses, Leporello Albums, of London, Edinburgh, and Glasgow, Portrait Albums, Fancy Frames, Cases, &c. 342 1m jy30

MUSIC AND SINGING

A well-known Lady Teacher has a few hours disengaged.

Address 'Alpha,' Standard Office.

155 1mfy21

THOMAS KENNY AND BROTHER,
WOOL AND PRODUCE BROKERS.
682—CANGALLO—682

Daily attendance at the Plaz Once, South Plaza and Corrales.

Letters, &c., by troperos coming to the South Plaza, to be left at Messrs. M. Smith and Co.'s Almacen Buena Vista. 7,xp,n3

CORRALES AND WEHMANN
Consignatorios de Frutos del Pais,
AND
Agencia en General de la Campaña,
Wool and Produce Brokers.
OFFICE:
No. 377 CALLE LIMA.
161,xpn19

THE ENGLISH BAZAAR

61 —CALLE FLORIDA——61

ELECTRO-PLATED GOODS
In great variety, at the
ENGLISH BAZAAR,
61 CALLE FLORIDA.

GLASS and CROCKERY WARE,
Always well-assorted, at the English Bazar, 61 Calle Florida.

TABLE COVERS,
Rugs, Matting, Oil Cloths, Clothes Baskets, at the English Bazaar, 61 Calle Florida.

KNIFE BOARDS,
Bread Baskets, Tea Caddies, Work Boxes, at the English Bazaar, 61 Calle Florida.

WRITING DESKS,
Blotters, Cabinets, Inkstands, Card Boxes, Jewel Cases, at the English Bazaar, 61 Calle Florida.

PENHOLDERS,
Pencils, Sealing Wax, Letter Racks, Paper Racks, Sealing Wax, at the English Bazaar, 61 Calle Florida.

PRESENTS
Of every description, at the English Bazaar 61 Calle Florida.

EXTRACTS,
Oils, Violet Powder, and Soaps of every make, at the English Bazaar, 61 Calle Florida.

MEERSCHAUM PIPES,
Cigar and Cigarette-holders, Cigarette and Cigar Cases, Turkish Pipes Briar, Pipes and Tobacco Pouches, at the English Bazaar, 61 Calle Florida.

THE SMOKERS' DELIGHT,
Cope's tamed Cigarettes, at the English Bazaar, 61 Calle Florida.

KNIVES,
Forks, Spoons, Sugar Sifters, Corkscrews, Scissors Pocket Knives, &c., at the English Bazaar, 61 Calle Florida.

FOR THE HOMEWARD-BOUND,
The Deck Arm-chair, at the English Bazaar 61 Calle Florida.

MARTELL'S BRANDY,
From one Bottle to 1,000 Cases, at the English Bazaar, 61 Calle Florida.
20,000 ARTICLES,
Too numerous to mention, at the English Bazaar, 61 Calle Florida.

Note the address,
THE ENGLISH BAZAAR,
61—CALLE FLORIDA—61
H. JOSEPH, Proprietor.

ENGLISH WALKING STICKS.

Oak, Thorn, Holly, Orange, Ratan, &c.

An assortment of Jockey and Riding Whips, silver mounted.

MACKERN BROS.,
44—Calle San Martin—44.
h | 177 6p f22

SANGSTER'S UMBRELLAS.

Three sizes, Ivory, Leather, and natural Stick and fancy Cameo Handles.

MACKERN BROS.,
44—Calle San Martin—44.
h | 180 6p f22

ALBUMS, ALBUMS, ALBUMS!

The largest assortment in Buenos Ayres.

From $30 to $1,000.

H. JOSEPH,
ENGLISH BAZAAR,
61——Calle Florida—|61.
g | 43 1m f6

CONSULADO GENERAL
DE LA
REPUBLICA ORIENTAL DEL URUGUAY

SE previene à los Capitanes y patrones de buques que salgan para puertos de la Republica Oriental del Uruguay y no vizen sus papeles correspondientes en este Consulado General, que se les aplicará la multa que les impone el Reglamento Consular.

B. MITE Y VEDIA,
Consul General.
B. Ayres, Febrero 21 de 1872.
1..179 10p f21

CABALLETAS PARA TEJOS.

Se venden en el Corralon de V. Casares é hijos, en la Boca del Riachuelo.

g..187 4p f22

PISARRAS PARA TECHOS.

Se vende en el Corralon de V. Casares e hijos en la Boca del Riachuelo.

g..188 4p f22

TACHOS PARA SALADEROS

Se venden en el Corralon de V. Casares é hijos, en la Boca del Riachuelo.

g..189 4p f22

SEEDS.

ENCALYPTUS, CYPRUS, &c.
Flower and Vegetables,
Tulip, Hyacinth,
Bulbs, &c.

FRANCIS PIPPET,
Quinta Experimental,
125——Calle Lorea——123.
(Two squares from the Plaza.)
h | 176 7p f22.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.
ESTABLISHED 1803.
CAPITAL:
£1,600,000 STERLING.

The undersigned are duly authorised to transact a General Fire Insurance Business in this country.

The reputation and standing which this Company has secured during the sixty-six years it has transacted Business throughout the world, together with the large and undoubted security which is offered for all its obligations, will, it is hoped, secure for it a share of the public patronage,

The most liberal rates offered, and Losses adusted without reference to the Head Office.

MANTELS AND PFEIFFER,
Agents,
19—CALLE CHACABUCO—21
176, xp, sept pd5

THE
LIVERPOOL AND LONDON
AND
GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Capital:
TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

In addition to the unlimited liability of upwards of One Thousand Proprietors, the Company has

INVESTED FUNDS
to the extent of £3,680,615 sterling, and an
ANNUAL REVENUE
of £1,347,146 sterling.

The undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to effect Insurances against losses by Fire on Buildings, and Merchandise in Private Stores, Customhouse Proper and Bonded Stores; also on Private Dwellings and Quinta Houses, in or out of the City, at favorable rates.

Settlements for losses arranged here by the Agents under a Power of Attorney, without reference to the head office.

Apply between Eleven and Three daily, to
F. NEILD and CO.,
164, Calle Piedad.
308 xp

THE
ARGENTINE MARINE INSURANCE CO.,
Established in this City.
Insure at Moderate Premiums all Risks by Sea or on the River.
OFFICE—112½ CALLE FLORIDA.—Up Stairs.
DIRECTORS—
Thomas Armstrong, President.
Jacob Parraviani, Vice-President.
Francisco F. Moreno, Manager.
Ambresio P. Lezica.
Enrique Tomkinson.
Mariano Casares.
Bernardo Yturraspo.
George Temperley.

THE MARVELLOUS REMEDY
OF
DR. CHARLES DE GRATH,
THE ELECTRIC OIL;
OR
KING OF PAIN.

For External and Internal Use.

This is not a secret remedy, but a scientific Preparation, which for a number of years has had a surprising run of success. In a thousand and one cases in Hospitals, in Camps, and in private use it has proved an efficacious remedy in the cure of diseases of the most obstinate nature.

The affections for the cure of which the Electric Oil is recommended, are—

Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Nervous Diseases,
Rheumatism, Headaches,
Ear-ache, Tooth-ache,
Catarrh, Cough, Cold,
Inflammation of the Kidneys,
Colics, Sore Throat,
Ulcers, Bleeding Piles,
Fevers, and all kinds of pain.

THE ELECTRIC OIL;
OR
KING OF PAIN,

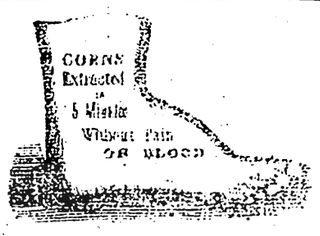
Enriches and regulates the circulation of the blood, and nullifies all the causes of disease.

Numerous certificates are on view of persons who have been entirely cured by Electric Oil or King of Pain, having found all other remedies unavailing.

SOLD AT

CRANWELL'S
PHARMACEUTICAL
— HALL —
30 RIVADAVIA 30

AND
CRANWELL'S,
Calle 25 de Mayo,
MONTEVIDEO
277 1 m jy 25



J. RAUNHEIM, CHIROPODIST
81—CALLE SUIPACHA—81.

feels great pleasure in again introducing himself (after an absence of six years) to the respectable Public of Buenos Ayres, cordially inviting all who suffer from Corns, Bunions, irregular Toe-Nails, or other Diseases of the Feet, to pay him a visit, at any hour from 8 to 11 a.m., or from 12 to 4 p.m.; Sundays and Holidays from 8 a.m. to 3 p.m.

All operations performed with the greatest despatch, without pain or loss of blood, and a perfect cure guaranteed in every instance. Prices moderate. Consultation Gratis. 126 xp

NOTICE TO SHIPOWNERS
AND
SHIPMASTERS.

The Marine Railway at Colonia being in working order, public attention is called to the following Tariff of Charges, a deduction of 25 per cent. having been made since the 1st of July, 1871:—

Sailing Vessels and Steamers of over one hundred [100] tons, English or American builder's measurement, will pay a rate of seventy-five (0.75) cents per ton gold. for being taken up. Each nominal horse power of engine in steamers, will be charged for as an additional ton of measurement.

Sailing Vessels or Steamers, whose entire registered tonnage and horse power of engine does not equal one hundred (100) tons, will pay the rate of one hundred [100] tons.

All cargo will pay one dollar, twelve and a-half (12½) cents in gold, per ton, for being taken up, and the regular rates for laying on.

For laying on the Rail way, from the hour the Vessel or Steamer is properly up, for each twenty-four (24) hours, fifty-six and a-quarter (56¼) cents. per ton, in gold, and any twenty-four (24) hours entered upon will be charged as a full day.

Vessels and Steamers must be provided with sufficient crew and lines while being moved into or out of the cradle.

Wrecked Vessels or Steamers, whose bottoms re broken, will not be taken at the regular rates, but must make an especial agreement with the Company's Agent at Colonia.

No charge will be made while laying on, for Sundays or stormy days, when no work can be done below the load line of the Vessel or steamer.

Railway Bills must be cashed, or acceptably provided for, before the Vessel or Steamer will be launched, and any detention of the Railway for the settlement of Bills will be charged at full rates.

A fine Machine Shop, Blacksmith Shop, and Brass Foundry connected with the Establishment. Machinists, Boiler-makers, and Shipcarpenters always on hand; and Shipowners will find it to their advantage to have all their work contracted for at the Dock.

The Company have immense Barracas ready for the storage of cargoes, with Wharves, Launches, &c.

B. D. MANTON, Agent.

RUBIO & FOLEY,
Agents in Buenos Ayres.

CURRENT PRICES THIS SEASON FOR SHEARING MATERIAL.

Torroba, Brothers.

LUJAN, MERCEDES, AND CHIVILCOY.

Sheep Shears "Balls," Rodgers and Son Published	$225
Do, ...	220
Twine, four Threads	4
Do three	3½
Stockholm Tar, Sharpening Stones, &c., at Reduced Prices.	

We have just received a large assortment o sihe best Havannah Sugar, which we are prepared to retail at town prices. —d&wsept.

ALEXANDRIA COLONY.

SANTA FE.

Messrs. J. THOMSON, T. BONAR, and CO. of London,

Having established a large and important Colony in the Province of Santa Fe, with facile riverine communication, and supplied with Agricultural Implements and Stores of every description necessary for settlers, are now prepared to receive applications from families or others desirous of purchasing and settling on their own freehold Farms.

Every information and assistance will be given to intending settlers, on application to Messrs. J. Thompson, T. Bonar and Co.'s, 42 San Martin, Buenos Ayres 71 xp ag

AVISO

A PERTURA DE UNA SECCION DE TRAMWAY

La Compañia Nacional de Tramways de Buenos Ayres tiene el honor de avisar al publico que desde el Domingo 25 del corriente mes abrira al servicio publico la primera seccion de sus lineas comprendida entre la Plaza Constitucion (esquina de las Calles Lima y Brazil) y los Mataderos Nuevos del Sud, pasando por el Cementerio del Sud.

Este servicio se hara como sigue:

Ida de la Plaza Constitution a Los Mataderos cada hora empezando a las 5 de la mañana hasta las 6 de la tarde.

Vuelta de los Mataderos a la Plaza Constitucion cuya hora empezando a las 5 y media de la mañana hasta las 6½ de la tarde.

LA ADMINISTRACION.

f205 5p f23 32 Reconquista.

PARA CASA DE COMERCIO—Se ofrece una con almacenes a la calle y habitaciones en un parage de los mas centrales Calle Reconquista 111 entre Cuyo y Corrientes.

Para tratar en los altps, o a la misma casa No. 113. f218 3p f23

REMATES.

POR
RODRIGUEZ, LARRAZABAL Y CA.

Averias, averias.

Mercaderias generales venidas por el Lacydon.

Al contado sin reclamo, por orden de los Sres. Consules de Francia y Belgica, y por cuenta de algunos Alemes é Ingleses.

Grandes Remates en nuestra casa Victoria 143.

Efectos averiados en el puerto en la lancha TERESA.

Gran surtido en todos los ramos de comercio de Buenos Ayres.

Se remataran en los dias Lunes 26, Martes 27; Miercoles 28, Jueves 29 y Viernes 1° de Marzo.

La venta empezara todos los dias a las 12 en punto. f184 8p f22

GENTLEMEN'S BEST QUALITY EFGLISH MADE SHIRTS.

A small lot just received—sizes from 14 to 17 in the neck.

40½ San Martin and 173 Florida.

Boys Lace Up Copper Told Boots.

40½ San Martin and 173 Florida.

Boys and Girls Elastic-side Kid and other Boots, 45 and 50 m|c the pair.

173 Florida 173.

Gentlemen's Linen and Piqué White Vests—Large Sizes.

40½ San Martin and 173 Florida. 135: 3p f18

SUNDRIES

Fusee Cases, Music Bells, Sensation Tobacco Pouches, "Mend-all" Cement, Flower-holders, Lock Corks, Gentlemens' Companions, Brass-headed Pins for securing Carpets, Floral Brooches, Cleaver's Windsor Soap. A new Pen. by Gillot.

MACKERN, Brothers,
44——Calle San Martin——44
182 6p fy22

COLEGIO PARA SEÑORITAS

BELGRANO.

4——CALLE GENERAL PAZ——4

There are Vacancies in the above College for Four Boarders.

Resident English, French, German, Spanish, and Italian Governesses.

The house is large, with Bath Room, and every convenience. Large Play Ground and Quinta,

Terms moderate.

For further particulars address Madame Farnesi, No, 4 Calle General Paz, Belgrano. 164 1m fy21

COMPANIA TRAMWAYS CIUDAD DE BUENOS AYRES (Ldn.)

Se previene à los accionistas, que deben integrar la tercera quota de media libra esterlina por accion antes del dia 29 de Febrer.; vencido este plazo tienen un recargo de 10 p%. anual.

Oficina, Tres Esquinas, Barracas,
Febrero 15 de 1872.
LA ADMINISTRACION.
1..124 9p f18

RESTAURANT TO BE SOLD.

THE well-known and accredited establishment Casino de la Bolsa, in Rosario, most favorably situated in the principal Plaza, completely stocked, and furnished with a fine bowling alley, the only one in town.

This establishment has several apartments, with separate entrances, suitable for re-letting, and enjoys the best custom of the English and German society.

Terms of payment and house rent moderate.

For further particulars apply to Messrs. Teetjen and Co., or Prim, Heimendahl and Co., both at Rosario. r | 140 8p f20

ENGLISH BOYS' SCHOOL

"TATAY,"
Carmen de Areco.
ANDREW J. HOGAIN,
MASTER.
1..31 1m w jy27

McDougall and Wilson

SHIP-CHANDLERS,
45—PASEO DE JULIO—46
BUENOS AYRES,
(Opposite the Mole.)
91 xp f11

Carlsbad Water,

JUST RECEIVED.

BY
LEWELYN, L. JONES & CO.
58 and 60—Florida—58 and 60.
g | 269 1m j34

Gosnell's Eau-de-Cologne

Gosnell's Florida Water
Gosnell's Extracts of Flowers
Gosnell's Fine Soaps
Gosnell's Cherry Tooth Paste
Gosnell's Cherry Tooth Powder,
Gosnell's Patent Frichosaran Hair Brushes
Gosnell's Violet Powder

Sold by all Chemists, &c.

JOHN GOSNELL & CO.,
LONDON;
Perfumers to the Royal Family, and by Special Appointment to the
PRINCESS OF WALES.

64—CALLE MAIPU—64
Buenos Ayres.
h | 37 14 p f 6

RASPBERRY VINEGAR.

JUST RECEIVED.

AT

CRANWELL, Brothers, & CO.,
30 Rivadavia.
83 1 m y10

DONATIONS.

RECEIVED by the Sisters of Mercy during the month of January 1872—
The Rev. Mr. O'Reilly $500
Mary Duffy 500

FERRO-CARRIL DEL OESTE.

Por disposicion del directorio, desde el 1° de Marzo próximo las salidas y llegadas de los trenes serán como sigu :—

SALIDAS.

Del Parque	á	Chivilcoy	á las 7
"	"	Moron	" 8.25
"	"	Moreno	" 11
"	"	Chivilcoy	" 2
"	"	Merlo	" 3
"	"	Moreno	" 5
"	"	Moron	" 6
"	"	Merlo	" 7
"	"	Lobos	" 7
"	"	"	" 2

LLEGADAS.

De Merlo	á	Parque	á las 8
De Moreno	"	"	" 10
De Moron	"	"	" 11
De Chivilcoy	"	"	" 12
De Moreno	"	"	" 3
De Merlo	"	"	" 6
De Chivilcoy	"	"	" 8.15
De Moron	"	"	" 9
De Lobos	"	"	" 10
De "	"	"	" 6

Buenos Ayres, Febrero 21 de 1872.
LA ADMINISTRACION.
r | 135 14p f22

FOR VALPARAISO,
The fine Clipper Barque

STAR OF PEACE,
A 1 at Lloyd's.

For Freight or Passage apply to Mr. J. J. McLean, No. 39 Paseo de Julio. 178 3p fy22

TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS REWAZD.

The above reward will be given to the person who discovers or gives information leading to the apprehension of the thief who stole a frame with 25 photographic portraits on Sunday, 18th inst., from the photograph gallery of Christian Junior, 160 Florida. 166 5p f22

Stephens and Vonwiller

ENGINEERS.

117—PASEO JULIO—117

SOLE AGENTS

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POR DISPOSICION del Sr. Juez de la 1ª Instancia en lo Civil, Don Honorio Martel se hace saber al publico por el termino de diez dias que el recibo dado por el Gerente del Banco de Londres y Rio de la Plata por valor de nueve cientos patacones, en favor de D. Eduardo Stiam, que fue estraviado, queda sin valor alguno, pasada la prohibicion del presente,

CLODOMIRO GALLANDO.
Buenos Aires, Febrero 15 de 1872.
159 5p f21

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AT

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FEES, Principal
337 1m j30

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February 20th 1872.
g | 144 10p f20

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Buenos Ayres, Feb, 17, 1872.
129 15p fy 18

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